
**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**
Washington, D.C. 20549
FORM 10-Q

- Quarterly report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2025
- or
- Transition report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number: 001-36777

JAMES RIVER GROUP HOLDINGS, LTD.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Bermuda
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

98-0585280
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton, Pembroke HM11, Bermuda

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip Code)

(441) 295-1422

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

<u>Title of each class</u>	<u>Trading Symbol(s)</u>	<u>Names of each exchange on which registered</u>
Common Shares, par value \$0.0002 per share	JRVR	NASDAQ Global Select Market

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes No

Number of shares of the registrant's common shares outstanding at July 31, 2025: 45,916,453

James River Group Holdings, Ltd.
Form 10-Q
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SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, or Quarterly Report, contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These statements may be identified by the fact that they do not relate strictly to historical or current facts. You may identify forward-looking statements in this Quarterly Report by the use of words such as “anticipates,” “estimates,” “expects,” “intends,” “plans,” “seeks” and “believes,” and similar expressions or future or conditional verbs such as “will,” “should,” “would,” “may” and “could.” These forward-looking statements include, among others, all statements relating to our future financial performance, our business prospects and strategy, anticipated financial position and financial strength ratings, liquidity and capital needs and other similar matters. These forward-looking statements are based on management’s current expectations and assumptions about future events, which are inherently subject to uncertainties, risks and changes in circumstances that are difficult to predict.

Our actual results may differ materially from those expressed in, or implied by, the forward-looking statements included in this Quarterly Report as a result of various factors, many of which are beyond our control, including, among others:

- the inherent uncertainty of estimating reserves and the possibility that incurred losses may be greater than our estimate used to compute loss and loss adjustment expense reserves;
- inaccurate estimates and judgments in our risk management may expose us to greater risks than intended;
- downgrades in the financial strength rating or outlook of our regulated insurance subsidiaries impacting our competitive position and ability to attract and retain insurance business that our subsidiaries write and ultimately our financial condition;
- the outcome of the litigation in connection with the sale of our casualty reinsurance business;
- the potential loss of key members of our management team or key employees, and our ability to attract and retain personnel;
- adverse economic and competitive factors resulting in the sale of fewer policies than expected or an increase in the frequency or severity of claims, or both;
- the impact of a higher than expected inflationary environment on our reserves, loss adjustment expenses, the values of our investments and investment returns, and our compensation expenses;
- exposure to credit risk, interest rate risk and other market risk in our investment portfolio and our reinsurers;
- reliance on a select group of brokers and agents for a significant portion of our business and the impact of our potential failure to maintain such relationships;
- reliance on a select group of customers for a significant portion of our business and the impact of our potential failure to maintain, or decision to terminate, such relationships;
- our ability to obtain insurance and reinsurance coverage at prices and on terms that allow us to transfer risk, adequately protect our Company against financial loss and that supports our growth plans;
- losses resulting from reinsurance counterparties failing to pay us on reinsurance claims, insurance companies with whom we have a fronting arrangement failing to pay us for claims, or a former customer with whom we have an indemnification arrangement failing to perform its reimbursement obligations, and our potential inability to demand or maintain adequate collateral to mitigate such risks;
- the inherent uncertainty of estimating reinsurance recoverable on unpaid losses and the possibility that reinsurance may be less than our estimate of reinsurance recoverable on unpaid losses;
- inadequacy of premiums we charge to compensate us for our losses incurred;
- changes in laws or government regulation, including tax or insurance laws and regulations;
- changes in U.S. tax laws (including associated regulations) and the interpretation of certain provisions applicable to insurance/reinsurance businesses with U.S. and non-U.S. operations, which may be retroactive and could have a significant effect on us including, among other things, by potentially increasing our tax rate, as well as on our shareholders;

- in the event we did not qualify for the insurance company exception to the passive foreign investment company (“PFIC”) rules and were therefore considered a PFIC, there could be material adverse tax consequences to an investor that is subject to U.S. federal income taxation;
- the Company or its foreign subsidiary becoming subject to U.S. federal income taxation;
- a failure of any of the loss limitations or exclusions we utilize in our insurance products to shield us from unanticipated financial losses or legal exposures, or other liabilities;
- losses from catastrophic events, such as natural disasters and terrorist acts, which substantially exceed our expectations and/or exceed the amount of reinsurance we have purchased to protect us from such events;
- potential effects on our business of emerging claim and coverage issues;
- the potential impact of internal or external fraud, operational errors, systems malfunctions or cyber security incidents;
- our ability to manage our growth effectively;
- failure to maintain effective internal controls in accordance with the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, as amended;
- changes in our financial condition, regulations or other factors that may restrict our subsidiaries’ ability to pay us dividends;
- an adverse result in any litigation or legal proceedings we are or may become subject to; and
- other risks and uncertainties discussed in this Quarterly Report.

Accordingly, you should read this Quarterly Report completely and with the understanding that our actual future results may be materially different from information contained in the forward-looking statements.

Additional information about these risks and uncertainties, as well as others that may cause actual results to differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements, is contained in our filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”), including our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024 filed with the SEC on March 4, 2025.

Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this Quarterly Report. Except as expressly required under federal securities laws and the rules and regulations of the SEC, we do not have any obligation, and do not undertake, to update any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances arising after the date of this Quarterly Report, whether as a result of new information or future events or otherwise. You should not place undue reliance on the forward-looking statements included in this Quarterly Report or that may be made elsewhere from time to time by us, or on our behalf. All forward-looking statements attributable to us are expressly qualified by these cautionary statements.

PART 1. FINANCIAL INFORMATION**Item 1. Financial Statements****JAMES RIVER GROUP HOLDINGS, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES****Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets**

	(Unaudited) June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
	<i>(in thousands)</i>	
Assets		
Invested assets:		
Fixed maturity securities, available-for-sale, at fair value (amortized cost: 2025 – \$1,364,455; 2024 – \$1,278,337)	\$ 1,300,217	\$ 1,189,733
Equity securities, at fair value (cost: 2025 – \$84,173; 2024 – \$82,678)	88,042	86,479
Bank loan participations, at fair value	158,871	142,410
Short-term investments	111,216	97,074
Other invested assets	58,140	36,700
Total invested assets	1,716,486	1,552,396
Cash and cash equivalents	220,041	362,345
Restricted cash equivalents	29,321	28,705
Accrued investment income	11,704	10,534
Premiums receivable and agents' balances, net	248,097	243,882
Reinsurance recoverable on unpaid losses, net	1,985,830	1,996,913
Reinsurance recoverable on paid losses	122,989	101,210
Prepaid reinsurance premiums	296,173	296,635
Deferred policy acquisition costs	30,513	30,175
Intangible assets, net	32,268	32,450
Goodwill	181,831	181,831
Other assets	143,069	170,000
Total assets	<u>\$ 5,018,322</u>	<u>\$ 5,007,076</u>

See accompanying notes.

JAMES RIVER GROUP HOLDINGS, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (continued)

	(Unaudited) June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
<i>(in thousands, except share amounts)</i>		
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity		
Liabilities:		
Reserve for losses and loss adjustment expenses	\$ 3,076,498	\$ 3,084,406
Unearned premiums	570,980	572,034
Payables to reinsurers	133,358	132,922
Funds held	25,157	25,157
Deferred reinsurance gain	65,281	57,970
Senior debt	225,800	200,800
Junior subordinated debt	104,055	104,055
Accrued expenses	44,306	53,178
Other liabilities	147,214	182,524
Total liabilities	4,392,649	4,413,046
Commitments and contingent liabilities (Note 8)		
Series A redeemable preferred shares – 2025 and 2024: 165,000 shares authorized; 112,500 shares issued and outstanding	133,115	133,115
Shareholders' equity:		
Common shares – 2025 and 2024: \$0.0002 par value; 200,000,000 shares authorized; 45,895,335 and 45,644,318 shares issued and outstanding, respectively	9	9
Preferred Shares – 2025 and 2024: \$0.00125 par value; 19,835,000 shares authorized; no shares issued and outstanding	—	—
Additional paid-in capital	936,255	933,311
Retained deficit	(392,958)	(402,408)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(50,748)	(69,997)
Total shareholders' equity	492,558	460,915
Total liabilities, Series A redeemable preferred shares, and shareholders' equity	\$ 5,018,322	\$ 5,007,076

See accompanying notes.

JAMES RIVER GROUP HOLDINGS, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
<i>(in thousands, except share amounts)</i>				
Revenues				
Gross written premiums	\$ 378,003	\$ 412,247	\$ 672,364	\$ 743,057
Ceded written premiums	(202,013)	(230,894)	(368,418)	(423,532)
Net written premiums	175,990	181,353	303,946	319,525
Change in net unearned premiums	(23,381)	(18,160)	565	15,359
Net earned premiums	152,609	163,193	304,511	334,884
Net investment income	20,516	24,931	40,524	47,563
Net realized and unrealized (losses) gains on investments	(352)	(2,305)	(1,723)	2,278
Other income	2,070	2,470	3,820	4,691
Total revenues	174,843	188,289	347,132	389,416
Expenses				
Losses and loss adjustment expenses	113,141	115,471	212,666	225,520
Other operating expenses	47,471	44,096	98,031	94,906
Other expenses	1,008	2,098	1,571	2,830
Interest expense	5,805	6,344	11,346	12,829
Amortization of intangible assets	91	91	182	182
Total expenses	167,516	168,100	323,796	336,267
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	7,327	20,189	23,336	53,149
Income tax expense on continuing operations	2,207	5,711	7,228	15,163
Net income from continuing operations	5,120	14,478	16,108	37,986
Discontinued operations (Note 2):				
Loss from discontinued operations	—	(5,650)	—	(13,583)
Loss on disposal of discontinued operations	(361)	(1,203)	(1,775)	(1,375)
Total loss from discontinued operations	(361)	(6,853)	(1,775)	(14,958)
Net income	4,759	7,625	14,333	23,028
Dividends on Series A preferred shares	(1,969)	(2,625)	(3,938)	(5,250)
Net income available to common shareholders	\$ 2,790	\$ 5,000	\$ 10,395	\$ 17,778
Other comprehensive income (loss):				
Net unrealized gains (losses), net of taxes of \$1,310 and \$5,117 in 2025 and \$(627) and \$(2,693) in 2024	4,927	(2,359)	19,249	(10,132)
Total comprehensive income	\$ 9,686	\$ 5,266	\$ 33,582	\$ 12,896
Net income (loss) per common share:				
Basic				
Continuing operations	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.31	\$ 0.27	\$ 0.87
Discontinued operations	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.18)	\$ (0.04)	\$ (0.40)
	\$ 0.06	\$ 0.13	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.47
Diluted				
Continuing operations	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.31	\$ 0.26	\$ 0.85
Discontinued operations	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.18)	\$ (0.04)	\$ (0.33)
	\$ 0.06	\$ 0.13	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.52
Dividend declared per common share	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.05	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.10
Weighted-average common shares outstanding:				
Basic	46,032,626	37,869,322	45,918,697	37,801,516
Diluted	46,726,255	38,037,393	46,432,481	44,762,563

See accompanying notes.

JAMES RIVER GROUP HOLDINGS, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity (Unaudited)

	Number of Common Shares Outstanding	Common Shares (Par)	Preferred Shares (Par)	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Deficit	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Total
<i>(in thousands, except share amounts)</i>							
Balances at March 31, 2025	45,892,706	\$ 9	\$ —	\$ 935,426	\$ (395,280)	\$ (55,675)	\$ 484,480
Net income	—	—	—	—	4,759	—	4,759
Other comprehensive income	—	—	—	—	—	4,927	4,927
Vesting of RSUs	2,629	—	—	(5)	—	—	(5)
Compensation expense under share incentive plans	—	—	—	834	—	—	834
Dividends on Series A preferred shares	—	—	—	—	(1,969)	—	(1,969)
Dividends on common shares	—	—	—	—	(468)	—	(468)
Balances at June 30, 2025	<u>45,895,335</u>	<u>\$ 9</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 936,255</u>	<u>\$ (392,958)</u>	<u>\$ (50,748)</u>	<u>\$ 492,558</u>
Balances at December 31, 2024	45,644,318	\$ 9	\$ —	\$ 933,311	\$ (402,408)	\$ (69,997)	\$ 460,915
Net income	—	—	—	—	14,333	—	14,333
Other comprehensive income	—	—	—	—	—	19,249	19,249
Vesting of RSUs	251,017	—	—	(550)	—	—	(550)
Compensation expense under share incentive plans	—	—	—	3,494	—	—	3,494
Dividends on Series A preferred shares	—	—	—	—	(3,938)	—	(3,938)
Dividends on common shares	—	—	—	—	(945)	—	(945)
Balances at June 30, 2025	<u>45,895,335</u>	<u>\$ 9</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 936,255</u>	<u>\$ (392,958)</u>	<u>\$ (50,748)</u>	<u>\$ 492,558</u>

JAMES RIVER GROUP HOLDINGS, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity (Unaudited)

	Number of Common Shares Outstanding	Common Shares (Par)	Preferred Shares (Par)	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Deficit	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Total
<i>(in thousands, except share amounts)</i>							
Balances at March 31, 2024	37,822,340	\$ 7	\$ —	\$ 878,091	\$ (267,067)	\$ (71,494)	\$ 539,537
Net income	—	—	—	—	7,625	—	7,625
Other comprehensive loss	—	—	—	—	—	(2,359)	(2,359)
Vesting of RSUs	3,427	—	—	(13)	—	—	(13)
Compensation expense under share incentive plans	—	—	—	1,553	—	—	1,553
Dividends on Series A preferred shares	—	—	—	—	(2,625)	—	(2,625)
Dividends on common shares	—	—	—	—	(1,927)	—	(1,927)
Balances at June 30, 2024	<u>37,825,767</u>	<u>\$ 7</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 879,631</u>	<u>\$ (263,994)</u>	<u>\$ (73,853)</u>	<u>\$ 541,791</u>
Balances at December 31, 2023	37,641,563	\$ 7	\$ —	\$ 876,240	\$ (277,905)	\$ (63,721)	\$ 534,621
Net income	—	—	—	—	23,028	—	23,028
Other comprehensive loss	—	—	—	—	—	(10,132)	(10,132)
Vesting of RSUs	184,204	—	—	(837)	—	—	(837)
Compensation expense under share incentive plans	—	—	—	4,228	—	—	4,228
Dividends on Series A preferred shares	—	—	—	—	(5,250)	—	(5,250)
Dividends on common shares	—	—	—	—	(3,867)	—	(3,867)
Balances at June 30, 2024	<u>37,825,767</u>	<u>\$ 7</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 879,631</u>	<u>\$ (263,994)</u>	<u>\$ (73,853)</u>	<u>\$ 541,791</u>

See accompanying notes.

JAMES RIVER GROUP HOLDINGS, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024
	<i>(in thousands)</i>	
Operating activities		
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities (a)	\$ (26,310)	\$ 15,397
Investing activities		
Sale of JRG Re	—	96,412
Fixed maturity securities, available-for-sale:		
Purchases	(148,956)	(28,727)
Sales	7,616	198,046
Maturities and calls	55,891	84,596
Equity securities:		
Purchases	(6,111)	(7,311)
Sales and redemptions	4,940	6,190
Bank loan participations:		
Purchases	(79,526)	(80,700)
Sales	45,234	51,913
Maturities	16,121	19,252
Other invested assets:		
Purchases	(21,718)	(4,725)
Return of capital	600	472
Proceeds from sales and principal repayments	322	2,763
Short-term investments, net	(14,142)	26,160
Securities receivable or payable, net	7,707	(6,386)
Purchases of property and equipment	(1,677)	(1,327)
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(133,699)	356,628
Financing activities		
Senior debt issuances	25,000	—
Senior debt repayments	—	(21,500)
Payroll taxes withheld and remitted on net settlement of RSUs	(550)	(837)
Dividends on Series A preferred shares	(3,938)	(5,250)
Dividends on common shares	(1,061)	(3,901)
Payment of debt issuance costs	(1,130)	—
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	18,321	(31,488)
Change in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash equivalents	(141,688)	340,537
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash equivalents at beginning of period	391,050	359,949
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 249,362	\$ 700,486
Supplemental information		
Interest paid	\$ 11,694	\$ 15,628
Restricted cash equivalents at beginning of period	\$ 28,705	\$ 72,449
Restricted cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 29,321	\$ 27,963
Change in restricted cash equivalents	\$ 616	\$ (44,486)

(a) Cash provided by operating activities for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 includes the restricted cash activity above related to a former insured, per the terms of a collateral trust. See "Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Amounts Recoverable from an Indemnifying Party and Reinsurer on Legacy Commercial Auto Book". Excluding the restricted cash activity, cash (used in) provided by operating activities was \$(26.9) million and \$59.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

See accompanying notes.

JAMES RIVER GROUP HOLDING, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

1. Accounting Policies

Organization

James River Group Holdings, Ltd. (referred to as “JRG Holdings” or, with its subsidiaries, the “Company”) is an exempted holding company registered in Bermuda, organized for the purpose of acquiring and managing insurance entities.

The Company owns five insurance companies based in the United States (“U.S.”) focused on specialty insurance niches as described below:

- James River Group Holdings UK Limited (“James River UK”) is an insurance holding company formed in 2015 in the United Kingdom (“U.K.”). JRG Holdings contributed James River Group, Inc. (“James River Group”), a U.S. insurance holding company, to James River UK in 2015.
- James River Group is a Delaware domiciled insurance holding company formed in 2002 which owns all of the Company’s U.S.-based subsidiaries, either directly or indirectly through one of its wholly-owned U.S. subsidiaries. James River Group oversees the Company’s U.S. insurance operations and maintains all of the outstanding debt in the U.S.
- James River Insurance Company is an Ohio domiciled excess and surplus lines insurance company that, with its wholly-owned insurance subsidiary, James River Casualty Company, an Ohio domiciled company, is authorized to write business in every state and the District of Columbia.
- Falls Lake National Insurance Company (“Falls Lake National”) is an Ohio domiciled insurance company which wholly owns Stonewood Insurance Company, an Ohio domiciled company, and Falls Lake Fire and Casualty Company, a California domiciled company. Falls Lake National and its subsidiaries primarily write specialty admitted fronting and program business.

The Company previously owned JRG Reinsurance Company Ltd. (“JRG Re”), a Bermuda domiciled reinsurer, which comprised the former Casualty Reinsurance segment, and which, prior to the suspension of its underwriting activities in 2023, primarily provided non-catastrophe casualty reinsurance to U.S. third parties. On November 8, 2023, the Company entered into an agreement to sell JRG Re. The sale closed on April 16, 2024 and resulted in the Company’s disposition of its casualty reinsurance business and related assets. The Company has no continued involvement with JRG Re following the sale. See Discontinued Operations below and Note 2 for additional disclosure.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements and notes have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”) for interim financial information and do not contain all of the information and footnotes required by U.S. GAAP for complete financial statements. The condensed consolidated financial statements include the results of the Company and its subsidiaries from their respective dates of inception or acquisition, as applicable. Readers are urged to review the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024 for a more complete description of the Company’s business and accounting policies. In the opinion of management, all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the condensed consolidated financial statements have been included. Such adjustments consist only of normal recurring items. Interim results are not necessarily indicative of results of operations for the full year. The consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2024 was derived from the Company’s audited annual consolidated financial statements.

Intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated.

Discontinued Operations

The results of operations of a component of the Company are reported in discontinued operations when certain criteria are met as of the date of disposal, or earlier if classified as held-for-sale. The Company determined that the sale of JRG Re, which closed on April 16, 2024, represented a strategic shift that will have a major effect on the Company’s operations. Accordingly, the results of JRG Re’s operations have been presented as discontinued operations for all periods presented in this interim report on Form 10-Q. See Note 2 for additional disclosure.

Estimates and Assumptions

Preparation of the condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the condensed consolidated financial statements and

JAMES RIVER GROUP HOLDING, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

accompanying disclosures. Those estimates are inherently subject to change, and actual results may ultimately differ from those estimates.

Variable Interest Entities

Entities that do not have sufficient equity at risk to allow the entity to finance its activities without additional financial support or in which the equity investors, as a group, do not have the characteristic of a controlling financial interest are referred to as variable interest entities (“VIE”). A VIE is consolidated by the variable interest holder that is determined to have the controlling financial interest (primary beneficiary) as a result of having both the power to direct the activities of a VIE that most significantly impact the VIE’s economic performance and the obligation to absorb losses or the right to receive benefits from the VIE that could potentially be significant to the VIE. The Company determines whether it is the primary beneficiary of an entity subject to consolidation based on a qualitative assessment of the VIE’s capital structure, contractual terms, nature of the VIE’s operations and purpose, and the Company’s relative exposure to the related risks of the VIE on the date it becomes initially involved in the VIE. The Company reassesses its VIE determination with respect to an entity on an ongoing basis.

The Company holds interests in VIEs through certain equity method investments included in “other invested assets” in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets. The Company has determined that it should not consolidate any of the VIEs as it is not the primary beneficiary in any of the relationships. Although the investments resulted in the Company holding variable interests in the entities, they did not empower the Company to direct the activities that most significantly impact the economic performance of the entities. The Company’s investments related to these VIEs totaled \$7.3 million at June 30, 2025 and \$7.7 million at December 31, 2024, representing the Company’s maximum exposure to loss.

Income Tax Expense

Our effective tax rate fluctuates from period to period based on the relative mix of income from continuing operations reported by country and the respective tax rates imposed by each tax jurisdiction. Statutory tax rates are 0% and 21% for Bermuda and the U.S. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, our effective tax rate on income from continuing operations was 30.1% and 31.0%, respectively (28.3% and 28.5% in the respective prior year periods). The Company does not receive a U.S. tax deduction for losses in our Bermuda entities. Bermuda had losses in both periods primarily due to Bermuda holding company expenses and interest expense. For U.S.-sourced income, the Company’s U.S. federal income tax expense differs from the amounts computed by applying the federal statutory income tax rate to income before taxes due primarily to interest income on tax-advantaged state and municipal securities, dividends received income, and excess tax benefits and expenses on share based compensation.

Adopted Accounting Standards

There were no new accounting standards adopted in 2025 that materially impacted the Company’s financial statements.

Prospective Accounting Standards

The guidance in ASU 2023-09—*Income Taxes (Topic 740): Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures* was designed to increase transparency about income tax information through improvements to the rate reconciliation and disclosure of income taxes paid. This ASU is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024. Although the Company continues to evaluate the impact of adopting this new accounting standard, the amendments are disclosure-related and are not expected to have a material impact on the Company’s financial statements.

The guidance in ASU 2024-03, *Income Statement - Reporting Comprehensive Income - Expense Disaggregation Disclosures (Subtopic 220-40): Disaggregation of Income Statement Expenses* requires additional, disaggregated disclosure around certain income statement expense line items. This ASU is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2026 and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2027, although early adoption is permitted. The Company is in the process of evaluating the impact of this new guidance on the disclosures in its financial statements.

2. Discontinued Operations

On November 8, 2023, the Company entered into a Stock Purchase Agreement (the “Stock Purchase Agreement”) with Fleming Intermediate Holdings LLC, a Cayman Islands limited liability company (“Fleming”). Pursuant to the Stock Purchase Agreement, and on the terms and subject to the conditions therein, Fleming agreed to purchase from the Company all of the common shares of JRG Re. JRG Re comprised the remaining operations of the former Casualty Reinsurance segment, and the sale of JRG Re, which closed on April 16, 2024, resulted in the Company’s disposition of its casualty reinsurance business and related assets.

Pursuant to the terms of the Stock Purchase Agreement, the aggregate consideration received by the Company, after giving effect to estimated adjustments based on changes in JRG Re’s adjusted net worth between March 31, 2023 and the closing, totaled approximately \$291.4 million (the “Closing Date Purchase Price”). The aggregate Closing Date Purchase Price was comprised of (i) \$152.4 million paid in cash by Fleming and (ii) an aggregate \$139.0 million dividend and distribution from contributed surplus by JRG Re to the Company. In accordance with the Stock Purchase Agreement, the cash portion of the purchase price was calculated based on an estimated balance sheet of JRG Re as of the date of closing. The estimated balance sheet was subject to final post-closing adjustments, which resulted in the downward adjustment to the cash portion of the Closing Date Purchase Price discussed below.

As required by the Stock Purchase Agreement, the Company and Fleming engaged in a post-closing purchase price true-up process. The Company agreed with an initial \$11.4 million downward adjustment to the Closing Date Purchase Price due to losses from JRG Re’s operations between the date of the balance sheet used to produce the estimated closing statement and the Closing Date, which downward adjustment was paid to Fleming on October 18, 2024. On April 18, 2025, the independent accounting firm appointed by the parties issued its final determination, concluding the post-closing purchase price true-up process. Pursuant to this final determination, the Company paid \$522,789 to Fleming on April 29, 2025 comprised of a \$483,625 final downward adjustment to the Closing Date Purchase Price and interest due according to terms of the Stock Purchase Agreement.

The Company determined that the sale of JRG Re represented a strategic shift that will have a major effect on its operations. Accordingly, the results of JRG Re’s operations have been presented as discontinued operations for all periods presented in this interim report on Form 10-Q.

The \$139.0 million pre-closing dividend was completed in the first quarter of 2024. It included the forgiveness of \$133.2 million owed from JRG Holdings to JRG Re and \$5.8 million paid in cash to JRG Holdings. The loss on disposal for the six months ended June 30, 2024 of \$1.4 million includes a \$2.4 million gain for the change in the estimated loss on sale and selling costs incurred of \$3.8 million. For the six months ended June 30, 2025, the loss on disposal of \$1.8 million includes the \$522,789 downward adjustment to the Closing Date Purchase Price plus interest and \$1.3 million of additional selling costs incurred by the Company related to the sale of JRG Re.

JAMES RIVER GROUP HOLDING, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

The operating results of JRG Re reported in discontinued operations were as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	<i>(in thousands)</i>			
Revenues:				
Gross written premiums	\$ —	\$ 780	\$ —	\$ 1,137
Ceded written premiums	—	—	—	877
Net written premiums	—	780	—	2,014
Change in net unearned premiums	—	940	—	8,371
Net earned premiums	—	1,720	—	10,385
Net investment income	—	580	—	4,432
Net realized and unrealized losses on investments	—	(7,229)	—	(9,472)
Total revenues	—	(4,929)	—	5,345
Expenses:				
Losses and loss adjustment expenses	—	(281)	—	13,157
Other operating expenses	—	913	—	5,039
Interest expense	—	89	—	732
Total expenses	—	721	—	18,928
Loss from discontinued operations	—	(5,650)	—	(13,583)
Loss on disposal of discontinued operations	(361)	(1,203)	(1,775)	(1,375)
Total loss from discontinued operations	(361)	(6,853)	(1,775)	(14,958)

Cash flows from discontinued operations included in the consolidated statements of cash flows were as follows:

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024
	<i>(in thousands)</i>	
Net cash used in operating activities of discontinued operations	\$ —	\$ (25,115)
Net cash provided by investing activities of discontinued operations	—	63,104
Net cash provided by discontinued operations	\$ —	\$ 37,989
Interest paid by discontinued operations	\$ —	\$ 1,388

JAMES RIVER GROUP HOLDING, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

3. Investments

The Company's available-for-sale fixed maturity securities are summarized as follows:

	Cost or Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
<i>(in thousands)</i>				
June 30, 2025				
Fixed maturity securities:				
State and municipal	\$ 222,687	\$ 689	\$ (23,886)	\$ 199,490
Residential mortgage-backed	415,523	1,071	(19,484)	397,110
Corporate	545,680	4,062	(21,234)	528,508
Commercial mortgage and asset-backed	162,123	181	(5,487)	156,817
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations guaranteed by the U.S. government	18,442	7	(157)	18,292
Total fixed maturity securities, available-for-sale	<u>\$ 1,364,455</u>	<u>\$ 6,010</u>	<u>\$ (70,248)</u>	<u>\$ 1,300,217</u>
December 31, 2024				
Fixed maturity securities:				
State and municipal	\$ 223,009	\$ 598	\$ (27,043)	\$ 196,564
Residential mortgage-backed	352,064	32	(25,869)	326,227
Corporate	503,610	1,358	(29,483)	475,485
Commercial mortgage and asset-backed	178,238	112	(7,892)	170,458
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations guaranteed by the U.S. government	21,416	2	(419)	20,999
Total fixed maturity securities, available-for-sale	<u>\$ 1,278,337</u>	<u>\$ 2,102</u>	<u>\$ (90,706)</u>	<u>\$ 1,189,733</u>

The amortized cost and fair value of available-for-sale investments in fixed maturity securities at June 30, 2025 are summarized, by contractual maturity, as follows:

	Cost or Amortized Cost	Fair Value
<i>(in thousands)</i>		
One year or less	\$ 31,869	\$ 31,588
After one year through five years	392,344	385,220
After five years through ten years	217,668	205,185
After ten years	144,928	124,297
Residential mortgage-backed	415,523	397,110
Commercial mortgage and asset-backed	162,123	156,817
Total	<u>\$ 1,364,455</u>	<u>\$ 1,300,217</u>

Actual maturities may differ for some securities because borrowers have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without penalties.

JAMES RIVER GROUP HOLDING, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

The following table shows the Company's gross unrealized losses and fair value for available-for-sale securities aggregated by investment category and the length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position:

	Less Than 12 Months		12 Months or More		Total	
	Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Losses
<i>(in thousands)</i>						
June 30, 2025						
Fixed maturity securities:						
State and municipal	\$ 34,119	\$ (769)	\$ 149,917	\$ (23,117)	\$ 184,036	\$ (23,886)
Residential mortgage-backed	146,323	(2,555)	136,998	(16,929)	283,321	(19,484)
Corporate	77,546	(1,936)	219,120	(19,298)	296,666	(21,234)
Commercial mortgage and asset-backed	17,317	(11)	94,438	(5,476)	111,755	(5,487)
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations guaranteed by the U.S. government	6,548	(12)	7,690	(145)	14,238	(157)
Total fixed maturity securities, available-for-sale	\$ 281,853	\$ (5,283)	\$ 608,163	\$ (64,965)	\$ 890,016	\$ (70,248)
December 31, 2024						
Fixed maturity securities:						
State and municipal	\$ 35,979	\$ (1,087)	\$ 146,547	\$ (25,956)	\$ 182,526	\$ (27,043)
Residential mortgage-backed	179,807	(5,285)	140,559	(20,584)	320,366	(25,869)
Corporate	149,149	(4,281)	220,743	(25,202)	369,892	(29,483)
Commercial mortgage and asset-backed	17,991	(65)	101,525	(7,827)	119,516	(7,892)
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations guaranteed by the U.S. government	7,653	(115)	12,412	(304)	20,065	(419)
Total fixed maturity securities, available-for-sale	\$ 390,579	\$ (10,833)	\$ 621,786	\$ (79,873)	\$ 1,012,365	\$ (90,706)

At June 30, 2025, the Company held fixed maturity securities of 402 issuers that were in an unrealized loss position with a total fair value of \$890.0 million and gross unrealized losses of \$70.2 million. None of the fixed maturity securities with unrealized losses has ever missed, or been delinquent on a scheduled principal or interest payment. At June 30, 2025, 100.0% of the Company's fixed maturity security portfolio was rated "BBB-" or better ("investment grade") by Standard & Poor's or received an equivalent rating from another nationally recognized rating agency.

The Company reviews its available-for-sale fixed maturities to determine whether unrealized losses are due to credit-related factors. An allowance for credit losses is established for any credit-related impairments, limited to the amount by which fair value is below amortized cost. Changes in the allowance for credit losses are recognized in earnings and included in net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments. Unrealized losses that are not credit-related are recognized in other comprehensive income.

The Company considers the extent to which fair value is below amortized cost in determining whether a credit-related loss exists. The Company also considers the credit quality rating of the security, with a special emphasis on securities downgraded below investment grade. A comparison is made between the present value of expected future cash flows for a security and its amortized cost. If the present value of future expected cash flows is less than amortized cost, a credit loss is presumed to exist and an allowance for credit losses is established. Management may conclude that a qualitative analysis is sufficient to support its conclusion that the present value of the expected cash flows equals or exceeds a security's amortized cost. As a result of this review, management concluded that there were no credit-related impairments of fixed maturity securities at June 30, 2025, December 31, 2024, or June 30, 2024. During the three months ended June 30, 2024, management recognized an impairment loss of \$207,000 for one fixed maturity security due to the Company's inability to hold the security until a recovery in its value to the amortized cost basis. For securities in an unrealized loss position at June 30, 2025, management does not intend to sell the securities, and it is not "more likely than not" that the Company will be required to sell these securities before a recovery in their value to their amortized cost basis occurs.

JAMES RIVER GROUP HOLDING, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

The Company elected the fair value option to account for bank loan participations. Under the fair value option, bank loan participations are measured at fair value, and changes in unrealized gains and losses in bank loan participations are reported in the income statement as net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments. Applying the fair value option to the bank loan portfolio increases volatility in the Company's financial statements, but management believes it is less subjective and less burdensome to implement and maintain than ASU 2016-13, which would have otherwise been required.

At June 30, 2025, the Company's bank loan portfolio had an aggregate fair value of \$158.9 million and unpaid principal of \$164.6 million. Investment income on bank loan participations included in net investment income was \$3.1 million and \$6.3 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively (\$4.6 million and \$9.1 million for the respective prior year periods). Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on bank loan participations were \$253,000 and \$(2.1) million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively (\$843,000) and \$(1.1) million in the respective prior year periods). As of June 30, 2025, management concluded that none of the unrealized losses of bank loan participations were due to credit-related impairments. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, management concluded that \$1.4 million and \$2.6 million of the net realized and unrealized losses were due to credit-related impairments. Losses due to credit-related impairments are determined based upon consultations and advice from the Company's specialized investment manager and consideration of any adverse situations that could affect the borrower's ability to repay, the estimated value of underlying collateral, and other relevant factors.

Bank loan participations generally provide a higher yield than our portfolio of fixed maturities and have a credit rating that is below investment grade (i.e. below "BBB-" for Standard & Poor's) at the date of purchase. These bank loans are primarily senior, secured floating-rate debt rated "BB", "B", or "CCC" by Standard & Poor's or an equivalent rating from another nationally recognized rating agency. These bank loans include assignments of, and participations in, performing and non-performing senior corporate debt generally acquired through primary bank syndications and in secondary markets. Bank loans consist of, but are not limited to, term loans, the funded and unfunded portions of revolving credit loans, and other similar loans and investments. Management believed that it was probable at the time that these loans were acquired that the Company would be able to collect all contractually required payments receivable.

Interest income on bank loan participations is accrued on the unpaid principal balance, and discounts and premiums on bank loan participations are amortized to income using the interest method. Generally, the accrual of interest on a bank loan participation is discontinued when the contractual payment of principal or interest has become 90 days past due or management has serious doubts about further collectability of principal or interest. A bank loan participation may remain on accrual status if it is in the process of collection and is either guaranteed or well secured. Generally, bank loan participations are restored to accrual status when the obligation is brought current, has performed in accordance with the contractual terms for a reasonable period of time, and the ultimate collectability of the total contractual principal and interest is no longer in doubt. Interest received on nonaccrual loans generally is reported as investment income. There were no bank loans on nonaccrual status at June 30, 2025 or December 31, 2024.

JAMES RIVER GROUP HOLDING, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

The Company's net realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments are summarized as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	<i>(in thousands)</i>			
Fixed maturity securities:				
Gross realized gains	\$ 13	\$ 1,543	\$ 45	\$ 1,543
Gross realized losses	(13)	(2,341)	(20)	(2,652)
	—	(798)	25	(1,109)
Bank loan participations:				
Gross realized gains	137	223	229	531
Gross realized losses	(1,291)	(313)	(3,057)	(1,261)
Changes in fair values of bank loan participations	1,407	(753)	767	(394)
	253	(843)	(2,061)	(1,124)
Equity securities:				
Gross realized gains	42	423	252	1,547
Gross realized losses	(7)	—	(7)	(177)
Changes in fair values of equity securities	(640)	(1,087)	68	3,141
	(605)	(664)	313	4,511
Short-term investments and other:				
Gross realized gains	—	—	1	—
Gross realized losses	—	—	(1)	—
	—	—	—	—
Total	\$ (352)	\$ (2,305)	\$ (1,723)	\$ 2,278

Realized investment gains or losses are determined on a specific identification basis.

JAMES RIVER GROUP HOLDING, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

The Company invests selectively in private debt and equity opportunities. These investments, which together comprise the Company's other invested assets, are primarily focused in renewable energy, limited partnerships, and private debt.

	Carrying Value		Investment Income			
	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
			2025	2024	2025	2024
	<i>(in thousands)</i>					
Renewable energy LLCs (a)						
Excess and Surplus Lines	\$ 7,322	\$ 7,690	\$ (320)	\$ 948	\$ (320)	\$ 662
Corporate & Other	—	—	—	293	—	293
	7,322	7,690	(320)	1,241	(320)	955
Renewable energy notes receivable (b)						
Excess and Surplus Lines	—	—	—	—	—	61
Corporate & Other	—	—	—	—	—	77
	—	—	—	—	—	138
Limited partnerships (c)						
Excess and Surplus Lines	17,278	14,644	851	517	860	402
Corporate & Other	464	464	—	—	—	—
	17,742	15,108	851	517	860	402
Private Debt (d)						
Excess and Surplus Lines	33,076	13,902	455	151	646	269
Corporate & Other	—	—	—	—	—	—
	33,076	13,902	455	151	646	269
Total other invested assets						
Excess and Surplus Lines	57,676	36,236	986	1,616	1,186	1,394
Corporate & Other	464	464	—	293	—	370
	\$ 58,140	\$ 36,700	\$ 986	\$ 1,909	\$ 1,186	\$ 1,764

- a) The Company's Excess and Surplus Lines segment owns equity interests ranging from 3.6% to 5.0% in various LLCs whose principal objective is capital appreciation and income generation from owning and operating renewable energy production facilities (wind and solar). The equity method is used to account for the Company's LLC investments. Income for the LLCs primarily reflects adjustments to the carrying values of investments in renewable energy projects to their determined fair values. The fair value adjustments are included in revenues for the LLCs. Expenses for the LLCs are not significant and are comprised of administrative and interest expenses. In the three months ended June 30, 2024, the Company received \$1.2 million of additional proceeds from a previous sale of two LLCs including \$880,000 in the Excess and Surplus Lines and \$293,000 in the Corporate and Other segment. The Company received cash distributions from these investments totaling \$48,000 and \$161,000 in the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.
- b) The Company's Excess and Surplus Lines and Corporate and Other segments invested in two notes receivable for renewable energy projects. Interest on the notes was fixed at 12%. During the six months ended June 30, 2024, the Company received final principal repayments of \$608,000 and \$761,000 on the notes receivable in the Company's Excess and Surplus Lines segment and Corporate and Other segment, respectively.
- c) The Company owns investments in limited partnerships that invest in concentrated portfolios including publicly-traded small cap equities, loans of middle market private equity sponsored companies, private equity general partnership interests, commercial mortgage-backed securities, specialty private credit, and tranches of distressed home loans. Income from the partnerships is recognized under the equity method of accounting. At June 30, 2025, the Company's Excess and Surplus Lines segment has outstanding commitments to invest another \$9.3 million in the limited partnerships.
- d) The Company's Excess and Surplus Lines segment has invested in seven notes receivable for structured private specialty credit. Interest on two notes maturing in 2031 is fixed at 4.25% and 5.25%. Interest on two notes maturing in 2035 is fixed at

JAMES RIVER GROUP HOLDING, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

6.50% and 8.00%. At June 30, 2025, the Company's Excess and Surplus Lines segment has outstanding commitments to invest another \$5.6 million in these notes.

On April 11, 2025, the Company entered into an investment agreement with Sixth Street, the parent of Enstar. Pursuant to the agreement, the Company's Excess and Surplus Lines segment has invested in collateralized investment grade notes receivable for structured private specialty credit. Interest on three notes maturing in 2064 is fixed at 6.79%, 8.04%, and 9.04%. At June 30, 2025, the Company's Excess and Surplus Lines segment has outstanding commitments to invest another \$64.6 million in the notes.

4. Goodwill and Intangible Assets

On December 11, 2007, the Company completed an acquisition of James River Group by acquiring 100% of the outstanding shares of James River Group common stock, referred to herein as the "Merger". The transaction was accounted for under the purchase method of accounting, and goodwill and intangible assets were recognized by the Company as a result of the transaction. Goodwill resulting from the Merger was \$181.8 million at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024.

The gross carrying amounts and accumulated amortization for each major specifically identifiable intangible asset class were as follows:

	Life (Years)	June 30, 2025		December 31, 2024	
		Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization
<i>(\$ in thousands)</i>					
Intangible Assets					
Trademarks	Indefinite	\$ 19,700	\$ —	\$ 19,700	\$ —
Insurance licenses and authorities	Indefinite	8,964	—	8,964	—
Identifiable intangible assets not subject to amortization		28,664	—	28,664	—
Broker relationships	24.6	11,611	8,007	11,611	7,825
Identifiable intangible assets subject to amortization		11,611	8,007	11,611	7,825
		<u>\$ 40,275</u>	<u>\$ 8,007</u>	<u>\$ 40,275</u>	<u>\$ 7,825</u>

JAMES RIVER GROUP HOLDING, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

5. Earnings Per Share

The following represents a reconciliation of the numerator and denominator of the basic and diluted earnings per common share computations contained in the condensed consolidated financial statements:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	<i>(in thousands, except share and per share amounts)</i>			
Net income from continuing operations	\$ 5,120	\$ 14,478	\$ 16,108	\$ 37,986
Less: Dividends on Series A preferred shares	(1,969)	(2,625)	(3,938)	(5,250)
Income from continuing operations available to common shareholders	\$ 3,151	\$ 11,853	\$ 12,170	\$ 32,736
Loss from discontinued operations	(361)	(6,853)	(1,775)	(14,958)
Net income available to common shareholders	<u>\$ 2,790</u>	<u>\$ 5,000</u>	<u>\$ 10,395</u>	<u>\$ 17,778</u>
Weighted average common shares outstanding:				
Basic	46,032,626	37,869,322	45,918,697	37,801,516
Dilutive potential common shares	693,629	168,071	513,784	6,961,047
Diluted	<u>46,726,255</u>	<u>38,037,393</u>	<u>46,432,481</u>	<u>44,762,563</u>
Net income (loss) per common share:				
Basic				
Continuing operations	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.31	\$ 0.27	\$ 0.87
Discontinued operations	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.18)	\$ (0.04)	\$ (0.40)
	<u>\$ 0.06</u>	<u>\$ 0.13</u>	<u>\$ 0.23</u>	<u>\$ 0.47</u>
Diluted				
Continuing operations	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.31	\$ 0.26	\$ 0.85
Discontinued operations	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.18)	\$ (0.04)	\$ (0.33)
	<u>\$ 0.06</u>	<u>\$ 0.13</u>	<u>\$ 0.22</u>	<u>\$ 0.52</u>

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, potential common shares of 13,521,634 were excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings per common share as their effects were anti-dilutive. For the three months ended June 30, 2024, potential common shares of 6,848,763 were excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings per common share as their effects were anti-dilutive. For the six months ended June 30, 2024, all potential common shares were dilutive and included in the calculation of diluted earnings per common share.

The Company amended the Series A Preferred Shares on November 11, 2024, which, among other things, reduced the voluntary conversion price (see Note 13). The lower conversion price results in a higher number of potential common shares under an assumed conversion when the Series A Preferred Shares are determined to be dilutive in the earnings per share calculation. In applying the if-converted method in the calculation of diluted earnings per share from continuing operations when the Series A Preferred Shares are dilutive, the dividends on the Series A Preferred Shares are added back to income from continuing operations available to common shareholders in the numerator of the calculation and the additional common shares from an assumed conversion of the Series A Preferred Shares are added in the denominator of the calculation.

JAMES RIVER GROUP HOLDING, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

6. Reserve for Losses and Loss Adjustment Expenses

The following table provides a reconciliation of the beginning and ending reserve balances for losses and loss adjustment expenses, net of reinsurance, to the gross amounts reported in the condensed consolidated balance sheets. Reinsurance recoverables on unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses are presented gross of an allowance for credit losses on reinsurance balances of \$1.5 million at June 30, 2025 and March 31, 2025, \$1.2 million at December 31, 2024, \$744,000 at June 30, 2024, and \$660,000 at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	<i>(in thousands)</i>			
Reserve for losses and loss adjustment expenses net of reinsurance recoverables at beginning of period	\$ 1,095,761	\$ 1,283,386	\$ 1,086,278	\$ 1,246,973
Add: Incurred losses and loss adjustment expenses net of reinsurance:				
Current year	100,875	108,497	202,459	222,946
Prior years - retroactive reinsurance	9,239	(3,684)	7,311	(7,686)
Prior years - excluding retroactive reinsurance	3,027	10,658	2,896	10,260
Total incurred losses and loss and adjustment expenses	113,141	115,471	212,666	225,520
Deduct: Loss and loss adjustment expense payments net of reinsurance:				
Current year	4,005	6,189	5,736	8,283
Prior years	106,477	94,690	196,716	170,234
Total loss and loss adjustment expense payments	110,482	100,879	202,452	178,517
Deduct: Change in deferred reinsurance gain - retroactive reinsurance	9,239	(3,684)	7,311	(7,686)
Reserve for losses and loss adjustment expenses net of reinsurance recoverables at end of period	1,089,181	1,301,662	1,089,181	1,301,662
Add: Reinsurance recoverables on unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses at end of period	1,987,317	1,418,536	1,987,317	1,418,536
Reserve for losses and loss adjustment expenses gross of reinsurance recoverables on unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses at end of period	<u>\$ 3,076,498</u>	<u>\$ 2,720,198</u>	<u>\$ 3,076,498</u>	<u>\$ 2,720,198</u>

The Company experienced \$3.0 million of net adverse reserve development in the three months ended June 30, 2025 on the reserve for losses and loss adjustment expenses held at December 31, 2024 (excluding adverse prior year development subject to retroactive reinsurance accounting - see *Loss Portfolio Transfers and Adverse Development Covers* below). This reserve development included \$2.3 million of net adverse development in the Excess and Surplus Lines segment and \$700,000 of net adverse development in the Specialty Admitted Insurance segment.

The Company experienced \$10.7 million of net adverse reserve development in the three months ended June 30, 2024 on the reserve for losses and loss adjustment expenses held at December 31, 2023 (excluding adverse prior year development subject to retroactive reinsurance accounting - see *Loss Portfolio Transfers and Adverse Development Covers* below). This reserve development included \$10.7 million of net adverse development in the Excess and Surplus Lines segment.

The Company experienced \$2.9 million of net adverse reserve development in the six months ended June 30, 2025 on the reserve for losses and loss adjustment expenses held at December 31, 2024 (excluding adverse prior year development subject to retroactive reinsurance accounting - see *Loss Portfolio Transfers and Adverse Development Covers* below). This reserve development included \$2.3 million of net adverse development in the Excess and Surplus Lines segment and \$579,000 of net adverse development in the Specialty Admitted Insurance segment.

The Company experienced \$10.3 million of net adverse reserve development in the six months ended June 30, 2024 on the reserve for losses and loss adjustment expenses held at December 31, 2023 (excluding adverse prior year development subject to retroactive reinsurance accounting - see *Loss Portfolio Transfers and Adverse Development Covers* below). This reserve development included \$10.7 million of net adverse development in the Excess and Surplus Lines segment and \$442,000 of net favorable development in the Specialty Admitted Insurance segment.

Loss Portfolio Transfers and Adverse Development Covers

Loss portfolio transfers and adverse development covers are forms of retroactive reinsurance utilized by the Company to transfer losses and loss adjustment expenses and associated risk of adverse development on covered subject business, as defined in the respective agreements, to an assuming reinsurer in exchange for a reinsurance premium. This reinsurance can bring economic finality (up to the limit of such agreements, if applicable) on the subject risks when they no longer meet the Company's risk appetite or are no longer aligned with the Company's risk management guidelines.

Commercial Auto Loss Portfolio Transfer

On September 27, 2021, James River Insurance and James River Casualty Company (together, "James River") entered into a loss portfolio transfer transaction (the "Commercial Auto LPT") with Aleka Insurance, Inc. ("Aleka"), a captive insurance company affiliate of Rasier LLC, to reinsure substantially all of the Excess and Surplus Lines segment's legacy portfolio of commercial auto policies previously issued to Rasier LLC and its affiliates (collectively, "Rasier") for which James River is not otherwise indemnified by Rasier. The reinsurance coverage is structured to be fully collateralized, is not subject to an aggregate limit, and is subject to certain exclusions. The cumulative amounts ceded under the loss portfolio transfer were \$458.0 million and \$459.3 million as of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.

Combined Loss Portfolio Transfer and Adverse Development Cover

On July 2, 2024, James River entered into a Combined Loss Portfolio Transfer and Adverse Development Cover Reinsurance Contract (the "E&S ADC") with State National Insurance Company, Inc. ("State National"). The transaction closed upon signing.

The E&S ADC was effective January 1, 2024 (the "Effective Date") and applies to James River's Excess & Surplus Lines segment casualty portfolio losses attaching to premium earned during 2010-2023 (both years inclusive), excluding, among others, losses related to commercial auto policies issued to a former large insured or its affiliates (the "Subject Business"). Pursuant to the E&S ADC, (a) State National reinsures 85% of losses paid on and after the Effective Date in respect of the Subject Business in excess of \$716.6 million up to an aggregate limit of \$467.1 million (with State National's share of the aggregate limit being \$397.0 million) in exchange for a reinsurance premium paid by James River equal to \$313.2 million, and (b) James River continues to manage claims and to manage and collect the benefit of other existing third-party reinsurance on the Subject Business, which third-party reinsurance inures to the benefit of the E&S ADC. The Company has \$28.8 million of aggregate limit remaining on the E&S ADC at June 30, 2025.

Adverse Development Cover

On November 11, 2024, Enstar Group Limited ("Enstar"), through its subsidiary Cavello Bay Reinsurance Limited ("Cavello Bay"), entered into an adverse development cover agreement with James River ("E&S Top Up ADC"), pursuant to which, in exchange for a premium of \$52.8 million (less an amount equal to the federal excise tax payable on the premium), Cavello Bay reinsures, effective January 1, 2024, 100% of the losses associated with James River's Excess & Surplus Lines segment casualty portfolio losses attaching to premium earned during 2010-2023 (both years inclusive). The E&S Top Up ADC excludes losses related to commercial auto policies issued to a former large insured or its affiliates and is subject to a retention by James River of \$1,183.7 million (the limit of the E&S ADC executed on July 2, 2024) and up to an aggregate limit of \$75.0 million. The E&S Top Up ADC closed on December 23, 2024. The Company recognized a \$52.8 million reduction in pre-tax income in connection with the adverse development cover upon closing. The Company has \$75.0 million of aggregate limit remaining on the E&S Top Up ADC at June 30, 2025.

Retroactive Reinsurance Accounting

The Company periodically reevaluates the remaining reserves subject to the Commercial Auto LPT, the E&S ADC, and the E&S Top Up ADC, and when recognized adverse prior year development on the subject business causes the cumulative amounts ceded under the agreements to exceed the consideration paid, the agreements move into a gain position subject to retroactive reinsurance accounting under GAAP. Gains are deferred under retroactive reinsurance accounting and recognized in earnings in proportion to actual paid recoveries under the agreements using the recovery method. While the deferral of gains can introduce volatility in the Company's operating results in the short-term, over the life of the contract, we would expect no economic impact to the Company as long as the counterparty performs under the contract. The impact of retroactive reinsurance accounting is not indicative of the Company's current and ongoing operations.

JAMES RIVER GROUP HOLDING, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

The following tables summarize the retroactive reinsurance accounting for the Commercial Auto LPT and the E&S ADC for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
<i>(in thousands)</i>				
Commercial Auto LPT				
Deferred retroactive reinsurance gain at beginning of period	\$ 7,294	\$ 16,731	\$ 9,222	\$ 20,733
(Favorable) adverse prior year development ceded on subject business	(1,414)	1,420	(1,270)	1,897
Retroactive reinsurance benefits under the recovery method	71	(5,104)	(2,001)	(9,583)
Deferred retroactive reinsurance gain at end of period	<u>\$ 5,951</u>	<u>\$ 13,047</u>	<u>\$ 5,951</u>	<u>\$ 13,047</u>
E&S ADC				
Deferred retroactive reinsurance gain at beginning of period	\$ 48,748	\$ —	\$ 48,748	\$ —
Adverse prior year development ceded on subject business	10,582	—	10,582	—
Retroactive reinsurance benefits under the recovery method	—	—	—	—
Deferred retroactive reinsurance gain at end of period	<u>\$ 59,330</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 59,330</u>	<u>\$ —</u>
Total				
Deferred retroactive reinsurance gain at beginning of period	\$ 56,042	\$ 16,731	\$ 57,970	\$ 20,733
Adverse prior year development ceded on subject business	9,168	1,420	9,312	1,897
Retroactive reinsurance benefits under the recovery method	71	(5,104)	(2,001)	(9,583)
Deferred retroactive reinsurance gain at end of period	<u>\$ 65,281</u>	<u>\$ 13,047</u>	<u>\$ 65,281</u>	<u>\$ 13,047</u>

7. Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

The following table summarizes the components of other comprehensive income (loss):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
<i>(in thousands)</i>				
Unrealized gains (losses) arising during the period, before U.S. income taxes	\$ 6,237	\$ (3,784)	\$ 24,391	\$ (13,934)
U.S. income taxes	(1,310)	795	(5,122)	2,926
Unrealized gains (losses) arising during the period, net of U.S. income taxes	4,927	(2,989)	19,269	(11,008)
Less reclassification adjustment:				
Net realized investment gains (losses)	—	(798)	25	(1,109)
U.S. income taxes	—	168	(5)	233
Reclassification adjustment for investment losses realized in net income	—	(630)	20	(876)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	<u>\$ 4,927</u>	<u>\$ (2,359)</u>	<u>\$ 19,249</u>	<u>\$ (10,132)</u>

In addition to the net realized investment gains (losses) on available-for-sale fixed maturities disclosed above, the Company also recognized net realized and unrealized investment gains (losses) on its investments in bank loan participations and equity securities in the respective periods. Refer to Note 3 for disclosure of these amounts.

8. Contingent Liabilities***Legal Proceedings***

The Company is involved in various legal proceedings, including commercial matters and litigation regarding insurance claims which arise in the ordinary course of business. In addition, the Company is involved from time to time in legal actions which seek extra-contractual damages, punitive damages or penalties, including claims alleging bad faith in the handling of insurance claims. The Company believes that the outcome of such matters, individually and in the aggregate, is not reasonably likely to have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

On March 11, 2024, the Company filed a complaint in the Supreme Court of the State of New York, New York County, Commercial Division against Fleming relating to the Stock Purchase Agreement, pursuant to which Fleming agreed to purchase all of the outstanding common shares of JRG Re (the "Transaction"). The complaint alleges that Fleming breached the Stock Purchase Agreement by its refusal to close the Transaction on March 1, 2024 as required under the terms of the Stock Purchase Agreement, and seeks specific performance of Fleming's obligation to complete the Transaction and an award of damages. The Company subsequently filed a motion for preliminary injunction to require Fleming to fulfill its contractual obligation to close the Transaction, and on April 6, 2024 the Court granted the Company's motion and ordered Fleming to complete the Transaction on or prior to April 16, 2024. On April 8, 2024, Fleming filed a notice of appeal of the preliminary injunction, which Fleming withdrew on October 9, 2024. The Transaction closed on April 16, 2024. On April 19, 2024, Fleming filed a motion to dismiss the complaint. On May 9, 2024, the Company filed an amended complaint seeking, among other things, specific performance and damages suffered as a result of Fleming's breach of the Stock Purchase Agreement. On June 6, 2024, Fleming filed a motion to dismiss the amended complaint, on July 3, 2024 the Company filed an opposition to the motion to dismiss, on July 24, 2024 Fleming filed its reply to the opposition, and on October 29, 2024 the court heard oral argument on the motion to dismiss.

On July 15, 2024, Fleming filed a lawsuit in the U.S. District Court, Southern District of New York against JRG Holdings and certain of its officers, asserting claims under Sections 10(b) and 20(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, common law fraud, and breaches of contract, and seeking unspecified monetary damages, including compensatory, consequential and punitive damages, all associated with Fleming's purchase of JRG Re pursuant to the Stock Purchase Agreement. On July 31, 2024, Fleming filed an amended complaint, on September 13, 2024, the Company filed a motion to dismiss the amended complaint, and on October 18, 2024 Fleming filed a second amended complaint. On November 15, 2024, the Company filed a motion to dismiss the second amended complaint, on December 23, 2024 Fleming filed an opposition to the motion to dismiss, on January 17, 2025 the Company filed its reply to Fleming's opposition, on July 2, 2025 the court heard oral argument on the motion to dismiss, and on July 17, 2025 the court granted the Company's motion to dismiss. The deadline for Fleming to file a notice of appeal is August 18, 2025.

Amounts Recoverable from Reinsurers

The Company's insurance segments remain liable to policyholders if its reinsurers are unable to meet their contractual obligations under applicable reinsurance agreements. We establish an allowance for credit losses for our current estimate of uncollectible reinsurance recoverables. At June 30, 2025, the allowance for credit losses on reinsurance recoverables was \$1.5 million. To minimize exposure to significant losses from reinsurance insolvencies, the Company evaluates the financial condition of its reinsurers and monitors concentrations of credit risk. The Company generally seeks to purchase reinsurance from reinsurers with A.M. Best financial strength ratings of "A-" (Excellent) or better. The Company's reinsurance contracts generally require reinsurers that are not authorized as reinsurers under U.S. state insurance regulations or that experience rating downgrades from rating agencies below specified levels to fund their share of the Company's ceded outstanding losses and loss adjustment expense reserves, typically through the use of irrevocable and unconditional letters of credit. In fronting arrangements, which the Company conducts through its Specialty Admitted Insurance segment, we are subject to credit risk with regard to insurance companies who act as reinsurers for us in such arrangements. We require collateral, in the form of a trust arrangement or letter of credit, to secure the obligations of the insurance entity for whom we are fronting.

Amounts Recoverable from an Indemnifying Party and Reinsurer on Legacy Commercial Auto Book

James River previously issued a set of commercial auto insurance contracts (the "Rasier Commercial Auto Policies") to Rasier under which James River pays losses and loss adjustment expenses on the contracts. James River has indemnity agreements with Rasier (non-insurance entities) (collectively, the "Indemnity Agreements") and is contractually entitled to reimbursement for the portion of the losses and loss adjustment expenses paid on behalf of Rasier under the Rasier Commercial Auto Policies and other expenses incurred by James River. In addition, on September 27, 2021, James River entered into the Commercial Auto LPT with Aleka to reinsure substantially all of the Rasier Commercial Auto Policies for which James River is not otherwise indemnified by Rasier under the Indemnity Agreements.

JAMES RIVER GROUP HOLDING, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Each of Rasier and Aleka are required to post collateral equal to 102% of James River's estimate of the respective party's obligations in trusts pursuant to the terms of the Indemnity Agreements and the Commercial Auto LPT, respectively. At June 30, 2025, the total balance of collateral securing Rasier's obligations under the Indemnity Agreements was \$55.3 million and Aleka's obligations under the Commercial Auto LPT was \$26.5 million. At June 30, 2025, the total reinsurance recoverables under the Commercial Auto LPT was \$24.1 million.

In connection with the execution of the Commercial Auto LPT, James River and Aleka entered into an administrative services agreement (the "Administrative Services Agreement") with a third party claims administrator (the "Administrator") pursuant to which the Administrator handles the claims on the Rasier Commercial Auto Policies for the remaining life of those claims. The claims paid by the Administrator are reimbursable by James River, and pursuant to the Administrative Services Agreement, James River established a loss fund trust account for the benefit of the Administrator (the "Loss Fund Trust") to collateralize its claims payment reimbursement obligations. James River funds the Loss Fund Trust using funds withdrawn from the Indemnity Trust, funds withdrawn from the LPT Trust, and its own funds, in each case in an amount equal to the pro rata portion of the required Loss Fund Trust balance attributable to the Indemnity Agreements, the Commercial Auto LPT and James River's existing third party reinsurance agreements, respectively. At June 30, 2025, the balance in the Loss Fund Trust was \$29.3 million, including \$17.4 million representing collateral supporting Rasier's obligations under the Indemnity Agreements and \$7.7 million representing collateral supporting Aleka's obligations under the Commercial Auto LPT. Funds posted to the Loss Fund Trust are classified as restricted cash equivalents on the Company's balance sheet.

While the Commercial Auto LPT brings economic finality to substantially all of the Rasier Commercial Auto Policies, the Company has credit exposure to Rasier and Aleka under the Indemnity Agreements and the Commercial Auto LPT if the estimated losses and expenses of the Rasier Commercial Auto Policies grow at a faster pace than the growth in the collateral balances. In addition, the Company has credit exposure if its estimates of future losses and loss adjustment expenses and other amounts recoverable under the Indemnity Agreements and the Commercial Auto LPT, which are the basis for establishing the collateral balances, are lower than actual amounts paid or payable. The amount of the Company's credit exposure in any of these instances could be material. To mitigate these risks, the Company closely and frequently monitors its exposure compared to the collateral held, and requests additional collateral in accordance with the terms of the Commercial Auto LPT and Indemnity Agreements when its analysis indicates that it has uncollateralized exposure.

9. Segment Information

The Company's continuing operations are comprised of three reportable segments, two of which are separately managed business units and the third ("Corporate and Other") includes the Company's remaining operations. The Excess and Surplus Lines segment primarily offers commercial excess and surplus lines liability and excess property insurance products. The Specialty Admitted Insurance segment offers specialty admitted fronting and program business and, prior to the sale of the Company's renewal rights in 2023, workers' compensation insurance coverage. The Corporate and Other segment consists of certain management and treasury activities of James River Group, James River UK, and JRG Holdings as well as interest expense associated with senior debt and Junior Subordinated Debt, and investment income. The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies. Prior to entering into a definitive agreement to sell JRG Re on November 8, 2023, JRG Re was considered a reportable segment (the "Casualty Reinsurance" segment). After entering into the agreement to sell JRG Re, the Company no longer considers Casualty Reinsurance to be a reportable segment, but instead it is reported as discontinued operations. The segment information below excludes discontinued operations for all periods presented.

Segment profit (loss) is measured by underwriting profit (loss), which is generally defined as net earned premiums and gross fee income (in specific instances when the Company is not retaining insurance risk) in "other income" in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income less loss and loss adjustment expenses on business not subject to retroactive reinsurance accounting (see *Retroactive Reinsurance Accounting* in *Note 6 - Reserve for Losses and Loss Adjustment Expenses*) and other operating expenses. Other operating expenses include the underwriting, acquisition, and insurance expenses of the operating segments and, for consolidated underwriting profit, the expenses of the Corporate and Other segment. Other operating expenses for the Corporate and Other segment include personnel costs associated with the Bermuda and U.S. holding companies, professional fees, long-term incentive compensation (including share-based compensation) for the full Company, public company expenses and various other corporate expenses. Net commissions in the table below are net of amounts deferred as deferred policy acquisition costs. Employee compensation includes both cash and share-based compensation, as well as employer expenses related to payroll taxes and benefits, and is net of amounts allocated to losses and loss adjustment expenses and amounts deferred. All other operating expenses include, amongst other expenses, costs for insurance, outside professional fees including legal, audit, and consulting, office rent, bad debt expense, and taxes, licenses and fees on business written. Segment results are reported prior to the effects of intercompany pooling agreements and intercompany reinsurance agreements. All gross written premiums and net earned premiums for all periods presented were

JAMES RIVER GROUP HOLDING, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

generated from policies issued to U.S. based insureds. Segment revenues for each reportable segment include net earned premiums, net investment income, and realized and unrealized (losses) gains on investments.

The Company's Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") has final authority over segment resource allocation decisions and performance assessment, and consequently, is identified as the Chief Operating Decision Maker ("CODM"). The CEO considers segment underwriting profit (loss) in the annual budget and forecasting process, and in monthly financial reviews of actual segment results compared to budget and prior year periods in order to assess segment performance and make strategic operating decisions regarding the business written by the segments, the allocation of capital and personnel to the segments, and compensation for segment employees. The segment information presented below aligns with the information that is presented regularly to the CEO.

The following table summarizes the Company's segment results:

	Excess and Surplus Lines	Specialty Admitted Insurance	Corporate and Other	Total
<i>(in thousands)</i>				
As of and for the Three Months Ended June 30, 2025				
Gross written premiums	\$ 300,444	\$ 77,559	\$ —	\$ 378,003
Net earned premiums	141,370	11,239	—	152,609
Fee income	—	828	—	828
Losses and loss adjustment expenses	103,099	10,042	—	113,141
Less: losses and loss adjustment expense - retroactive reinsurance	9,239	—	—	9,239
Losses and loss adjustment expenses excluding retroactive reinsurance	93,860	10,042	—	103,902
Other operating expenses:				
Net commissions	14,975	(2,412)	—	12,563
Employee compensation	15,497	2,612	5,313	23,422
All other operating expenses	5,331	3,246	2,909	11,486
	35,803	3,446	8,222	47,471
Underwriting profit (loss)	11,707	(1,421)	(8,222)	2,064
Segment revenues	158,320	16,166	357	174,843
Net investment income	15,941	4,224	351	20,516
Interest expense	—	—	5,805	5,805
Segment goodwill	181,831	—	—	181,831
Segment assets	3,639,964	1,351,271	27,087	5,018,322

JAMES RIVER GROUP HOLDING, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

	Excess and Surplus Lines	Specialty Admitted Insurance	Corporate and Other	Total
<i>(in thousands)</i>				
As of and for the Three Months Ended June 30, 2024				
Gross written premiums	\$ 292,836	\$ 119,411	\$ —	\$ 412,247
Net earned premiums	140,447	22,746	—	163,193
Fee income	—	1,277	—	1,277
Losses and loss adjustment expenses	97,849	17,622	—	115,471
Less: losses and loss adjustment expense - retroactive reinsurance	(3,684)	—	—	(3,684)
Losses and loss adjustment expenses excluding retroactive reinsurance	101,533	17,622	—	119,155
Other operating expenses:				
Net commissions	12,926	(4,490)	—	8,436
Employee compensation	15,422	3,198	5,586	24,206
All other operating expenses	4,139	4,277	3,038	11,454
	32,487	2,985	8,624	44,096
Underwriting profit (loss)	6,427	3,416	(8,624)	1,219
Segment revenues	159,572	28,055	662	188,289
Net investment income	20,255	4,097	579	24,931
Interest expense	—	—	6,344	6,344
Segment goodwill	181,831	—	—	181,831
Segment assets	3,211,050	1,385,738	141,418	4,738,206
As of and for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2025				
Gross written premiums	\$ 513,687	\$ 158,677	\$ —	\$ 672,364
Net earned premiums	278,398	26,113	—	304,511
Fee income	—	1,660	—	1,660
Losses and loss adjustment expenses	189,975	22,691	—	212,666
Less: losses and loss adjustment expense - retroactive reinsurance	7,311	—	—	7,311
Losses and loss adjustment expenses excluding retroactive reinsurance	182,664	22,691	—	205,355
Other operating expenses:				
Net commissions	29,976	(5,264)	—	24,712
Employee compensation	31,897	5,423	13,763	51,083
All other operating expenses	10,496	6,650	5,090	22,236
	72,369	6,809	18,853	98,031
Underwriting profit (loss)	23,365	(1,727)	(18,853)	2,785
Segment revenues	309,856	36,263	1,013	347,132
Net investment income	31,159	8,541	824	40,524
Interest expense	—	—	11,346	11,346
Segment goodwill	181,831	—	—	181,831
Segment assets	3,639,964	1,351,271	27,087	5,018,322

JAMES RIVER GROUP HOLDING, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

	Excess and Surplus Lines	Specialty Admitted Insurance	Corporate and Other	Total
<i>(in thousands)</i>				
As of and for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2024				
Gross written premiums	\$ 506,527	\$ 236,530	\$ —	\$ 743,057
Net earned premiums	286,070	48,814	—	334,884
Fee income	—	2,587	—	2,587
Losses and loss adjustment expenses	187,452	38,068	—	225,520
Less: losses and loss adjustment expense - retroactive reinsurance	(7,686)	—	—	(7,686)
Losses and loss adjustment expenses excluding retroactive reinsurance	195,138	38,068	—	233,206
Other operating expenses:				
Net commissions	27,171	(6,670)	—	20,501
Employee compensation	30,915	6,652	13,436	51,003
All other operating expenses	7,928	9,149	6,325	23,402
	66,014	9,131	19,761	94,906
Underwriting profit (loss)	24,918	4,202	(19,761)	9,359
Segment revenues	328,493	59,591	1,332	389,416
Net investment income	38,681	8,083	799	47,563
Interest expense	—	—	12,829	12,829
Segment goodwill	181,831	—	—	181,831
Segment assets	3,211,050	1,385,738	141,418	4,738,206

The following table reconciles the underwriting profit (loss) of the operating segments by individual segment to consolidated income from continuing operations before income taxes:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
<i>(in thousands)</i>				
Underwriting profit (loss) of the operating segments:				
Excess and Surplus Lines	\$ 11,707	\$ 6,427	\$ 23,365	\$ 24,918
Specialty Admitted Insurance	(1,421)	3,416	(1,727)	4,202
Total underwriting profit of operating segments	10,286	9,843	21,638	29,120
Other operating expenses of the Corporate and Other segment	(8,222)	(8,624)	(18,853)	(19,761)
Underwriting profit	2,064	1,219	2,785	9,359
Losses and loss adjustment expenses – retroactive reinsurance	(9,239)	3,684	(7,311)	7,686
Net investment income	20,516	24,931	40,524	47,563
Net realized and unrealized (losses) gains on investments	(352)	(2,305)	(1,723)	2,278
Other income and expenses	234	(905)	589	(726)
Interest expense	(5,805)	(6,344)	(11,346)	(12,829)
Amortization of intangible assets	(91)	(91)	(182)	(182)
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	\$ 7,327	\$ 20,189	\$ 23,336	\$ 53,149

JAMES RIVER GROUP HOLDING, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

10. Other Operating Expenses and Other Expenses

Other operating expenses consist of the following:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	<i>(in thousands)</i>			
Amortization of policy acquisition costs	\$ 17,396	\$ 13,765	\$ 34,936	\$ 31,805
Other underwriting expenses of the operating segments	21,853	21,707	44,242	43,340
Other operating expenses of the Corporate and Other segment	8,222	8,624	18,853	19,761
Total	<u>\$ 47,471</u>	<u>\$ 44,096</u>	<u>\$ 98,031</u>	<u>\$ 94,906</u>

Other expenses of \$1.0 million and \$1.6 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively (\$2.1 million and \$2.8 million in the respective prior year periods), primarily consist of certain nonoperating expenses including legal and other professional fees and other expenses related to various strategic initiatives.

11. Senior Debt

On June 12, 2025, the Company entered into a Credit Agreement (the "Credit Agreement"). The Credit Agreement replaced the Company's previous Third Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated as of July 7, 2023, as amended (the "Previous Credit Agreement"), that provided for a \$212.5 million unsecured revolving credit facility and a \$45.0 million secured revolving credit facility.

The Credit Agreement provides for a \$212.5 million unsecured revolving credit facility available for general corporate purposes and matures on June 12, 2028. Following the sale of JRG Re, the Company no longer has a need for the secured revolving credit facility provided by the Previous Credit Agreement. The interest rates applicable to the loans under the Credit Agreement are generally based on the Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR") plus a specified margin based on the Company's Leverage Ratio (as defined in the Credit Agreement). In addition, the Company will pay an unused facility fee on each lender's commitment.

At June 30, 2025, the Company had a drawn balance of \$210.8 million outstanding on the unsecured revolver of the Credit Agreement, including \$25.0 million previously borrowed on January 27, 2025 under the Previous Credit Agreement which was contributed to our regulated insurance entities.

The Credit Agreement provides for an accordion feature that permits the Company to request that one or more lenders (without the consent of the other lenders) or new financial institutions (with the consent of the Administrative Agent) provide it with increases in the credit facility of up to an aggregate of \$30.0 million, subject to satisfaction of certain conditions.

The Credit Agreement contains customary representations and warranties, affirmative and negative covenants and events of default. The Credit Agreement also includes financial covenants, including a maximum leverage ratio and minimum consolidated net worth, risk-based capital ratio and financial strength rating requirements with which the Company was in compliance at June 30, 2025.

In connection with the Credit Agreement, James River UK and James River Group each entered into a Continuing Guaranty of Payment dated June 12, 2025 (each, a "Payment Guaranty"). Pursuant to its respective Payment Guaranty, each of James River UK and James River Group guarantees the payment and performance of the Company's obligations under the Credit Agreement and other loan documents.

12. Fair Value Measurements

Three levels of inputs are used to measure fair value of financial instruments: (1) Level 1: quoted price (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets, (2) Level 2: inputs to the valuation methodology include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the instrument, and (3) Level 3: inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable for the asset or liability.

Fair value is defined as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability in the principal or most advantageous market in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date.

The fair values of fixed maturity securities, equity securities, and bank loan participations have been determined using fair value prices provided by the Company's investment accounting services provider or investment managers, who utilize

JAMES RIVER GROUP HOLDING, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

internationally recognized independent pricing services. The prices provided by the independent pricing services are generally based on observable market data in active markets (*e.g.* broker quotes and prices observed for comparable securities). Values for U.S. Treasury and publicly-traded equity securities are generally based on Level 1 inputs which use the market approach valuation technique. The values for all other fixed maturity securities (including state and municipal securities and obligations of U.S. government corporations and agencies) and bank loan participations generally incorporate significant Level 2 inputs, and in some cases, Level 3 inputs, using the market approach and income approach valuation techniques. There have been no changes in the Company's use of valuation techniques since December 31, 2023.

The Company reviews fair value prices provided by its outside investment accounting service provider or investment managers for reasonableness by comparing the fair values provided by the managers to those provided by its investment custodian. The Company also reviews and monitors changes in unrealized gains and losses. The Company has not historically adjusted security prices. The Company obtains an understanding of the methods, models and inputs used by the investment managers and independent pricing services, and controls are in place to validate that prices provided represent fair values. The Company's control process includes, but is not limited to, initial and ongoing evaluation of the methodologies used, a review of specific securities and an assessment for proper classification within the fair value hierarchy, and obtaining and reviewing internal control reports for our investment manager that obtains fair values from independent pricing services.

Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2025 are summarized below:

	Fair Value Measurements Using				Total
	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets Level 1	Significant Other Observable Inputs Level 2	Significant Unobservable Inputs Level 3		
	<i>(in thousands)</i>				
Fixed maturity securities, available-for-sale:					
State and municipal	\$ —	\$ 199,490	\$ —	\$ 199,490	
Residential mortgage-backed	—	397,110	—	397,110	
Corporate	—	528,508	—	528,508	
Commercial mortgage and asset-backed	—	156,817	—	156,817	
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations guaranteed by the U.S. government	18,292	—	—	18,292	
Total fixed maturity securities, available-for-sale	\$ 18,292	\$ 1,281,925	\$ —	\$ 1,300,217	
Equity securities:					
Preferred stock	—	73,022	—	73,022	
Common stock	12,488	2,531	1	15,020	
Total equity securities	\$ 12,488	\$ 75,553	\$ 1	\$ 88,042	
Bank loan participations	\$ —	\$ 158,871	\$ —	\$ 158,871	
Short-term investments	\$ —	\$ 111,216	\$ —	\$ 111,216	

JAMES RIVER GROUP HOLDING, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2024 are summarized below:

	Fair Value Measurements Using			
	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets Level 1	Significant Other Observable Inputs Level 2	Significant Unobservable Inputs Level 3	Total
	<i>(in thousands)</i>			
Fixed maturity securities, available-for-sale:				
State and municipal	\$ —	\$ 196,564	\$ —	\$ 196,564
Residential mortgage-backed	—	326,227	—	326,227
Corporate	—	475,485	—	475,485
Commercial mortgage and asset-backed	—	170,458	—	170,458
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations guaranteed by the U.S. government	20,999	—	—	20,999
Total fixed maturity securities, available-for-sale	\$ 20,999	\$ 1,168,734	\$ —	\$ 1,189,733
Equity securities:				
Preferred stock	—	71,245	—	71,245
Common stock	12,693	2,536	5	15,234
Total equity securities	\$ 12,693	\$ 73,781	\$ 5	\$ 86,479
Bank loan participations	\$ —	\$ 142,410	\$ —	\$ 142,410
Short-term investments	\$ —	\$ 97,074	\$ —	\$ 97,074

A reconciliation of the beginning and ending balances of available-for-sale fixed maturity securities, equity securities, and bank loan participations measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) is shown below:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	<i>(in thousands)</i>			
Beginning balance	\$ 2	\$ 17	\$ 5	\$ —
Transfers out of Level 3	—	—	—	—
Transfers in to Level 3	—	—	—	—
Purchases	—	—	—	—
Sales	—	—	—	—
Maturities, calls and paydowns	—	—	—	—
Amortization of discount	—	—	—	—
Total gains or losses (realized/unrealized):				
Included in earnings	(1)	(12)	(4)	(1)
Included in other comprehensive income	—	—	—	—
Ending balance	\$ 1	\$ 5	\$ 1	\$ —

The Company held one equity security at December 31, 2024 and June 30, 2025 for which the fair value was determined using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3). The fair value of \$1,000 at June 30, 2025 for the equity security was obtained from our asset manager and was derived from an internal model.

The Company held one equity security at December 31, 2023 and June 30, 2024 for which the fair value was determined using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3). The fair value of \$5,000 at June 30, 2024 for the equity security was obtained from our asset manager and was derived from an internal model.

JAMES RIVER GROUP HOLDING, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Transfers out of Level 3 occur when the Company is able to obtain reliable prices from pricing vendors for securities for which the Company was previously unable to obtain reliable prices. Transfers in to Level 3 occur when the Company is unable to obtain reliable prices for securities from pricing vendors and instead must use broker price quotes to value the securities.

There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 during the six months ended June 30, 2025 or 2024. The Company recognizes transfers between levels at the beginning of the reporting period.

In the determination of the fair value for bank loan participations and certain high yield bonds, the Company's investment manager endeavors to obtain data from multiple external pricing sources. External pricing sources may include brokers, dealers and price data vendors that provide a composite price based on prices from multiple dealers. Such external pricing sources typically provide valuations for normal institutional size trading units of such securities using methods based on market transactions for comparable securities, and various relationships between securities, as generally recognized by institutional dealers. For investments in which the investment manager determines that only one external pricing source is appropriate or if only one external price is available, the relevant investment is generally recorded at fair value based on such price.

Investments for which external sources are not available or are determined by the investment manager not to be representative of fair value are recorded at fair value as determined by the Company, with input from its investment managers and valuation specialists as considered necessary. In determining the fair value of such investments, the Company considers one or more of the following factors: type of security held, convertibility or exchangeability of the security, redeemability of the security (including the timing of redemptions), application of industry accepted valuation models, recent trading activity, liquidity, estimates of liquidation value, purchase cost, and prices received for securities with similar terms of the same issuer or similar issuers. At June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, there were no investments for which external sources were unavailable to determine fair value.

The carrying values and fair values of financial instruments are summarized below:

	June 30, 2025		December 31, 2024	
	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value
	<i>(in thousands)</i>			
Assets				
Fixed maturity securities, available-for-sale	\$ 1,300,217	\$ 1,300,217	\$ 1,189,733	\$ 1,189,733
Equity securities	88,042	88,042	86,479	86,479
Bank loan participations	158,871	158,871	142,410	142,410
Cash and cash equivalents	220,041	220,041	362,345	362,345
Restricted cash equivalents	29,321	29,321	28,705	28,705
Short-term investments	111,216	111,216	97,074	97,074
Other invested assets – notes receivable	33,076	33,899	13,902	12,877
Liabilities				
Senior debt	225,800	234,431	200,800	201,787
Junior subordinated debt	104,055	121,250	104,055	121,766

The fair values of fixed maturity securities, equity securities, and bank loan participations have been determined using quoted market prices for securities traded in the public market or prices using bid or closing prices for securities not traded in the public marketplace. The fair values of cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments approximate their carrying values due to their short-term maturity.

The fair values of other invested assets-notes receivable, senior debt, and junior subordinated debt at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024 were determined by calculating the present value of expected future cash flows under the terms of the note agreements or debt agreements, as applicable, discounted at an estimated market rate of interest at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively. The Company also utilized an internally developed valuation model based on the spread of a comparable market index to determine the fair value of certain other invested assets-notes receivable at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024.

The fair values of senior debt, junior subordinated debt, and investments in notes receivable, classified in other invested assets, at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024 were determined using inputs to the valuation methodology that are unobservable (Level 3).

13. Series A Preferred Shares

The Company has 112,500 7% Series A Perpetual Cumulative Convertible Preferred Shares, par value \$0.00125 per share (the “Series A Preferred Shares”) outstanding as of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024. The Series A Preferred Shares were issued on March 1, 2022 and are held by GPC Partners Investments (Thames) LP (“GPC Partners”), an affiliate of Gallatin Point Capital LLC.

The Series A Preferred Shares rank senior to our common shares with respect to dividend rights and rights on the distribution of assets on any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the affairs of the Company, upon which the holders of Series A Preferred Shares would receive the greater of the \$1,000 liquidation preference per share (the “Liquidation Preference”) plus accrued and unpaid dividends, or the amount they would have received if they had converted all of their Series A Preferred Shares to common shares immediately before such liquidation, dissolution or winding up.

Holders of the Series A Preferred Shares are entitled to a dividend at the rate of 7% of the Liquidation Preference per annum, paid in cash, in-kind in common shares or in Series A Preferred Shares, at the Company’s election. On October 1, 2029, and each five-year anniversary thereafter, the dividend rate will reset to a rate equal to the five-year U.S. treasury rate plus 5.2%, subject to a cap of 8.0%. Dividends accrue and are payable quarterly. Cash dividends of \$3.9 million and \$5.3 million were paid on the Series A Preferred Shares in the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

The Series A Preferred Shares are convertible at the option of the holders thereof at any time into common shares at a conversion price of \$8.32, making the Series A Preferred Shares convertible into 13,521,634 common shares. The conversion price is subject to customary anti-dilution adjustments, including cash dividends on the common shares above specified levels.

The Certificate of Designations setting forth the terms of the Series A Preferred Shares (the “Certificate of Designations”) limits the Company's ability to pay dividends to its common shareholders. If the Company pays cash dividends of more than \$0.05 per common share per quarter, without the consent of at least the majority of the Series A Preferred Shares then outstanding, the Company will be required to reduce the conversion price of the Series A Preferred Shares. Additionally, the payment of cash dividends in excess of \$0.10 per common share per quarter is not permitted if the dividends on the Series A Preferred Shares for that quarter are not paid in cash, unless the Company’s insurance subsidiaries satisfy certain capital requirements. Share dividends payable on the common shares to the Company's shareholders also trigger a reduction of the conversion price applicable to the Series A Preferred Shares. None of the triggers that would result in additional adjustments to the conversion price have been met at June 30, 2025.

If at any time the volume-weighted average price (“VWAP”) per common share is greater than 200% of the then applicable conversion price for at least twenty (20) consecutive trading days, the Company will be able to elect to convert (a “Mandatory Conversion”) all of the outstanding Series A Preferred Shares into common shares. In the case of a Mandatory Conversion, each Series A Preferred Share then outstanding will be converted into (i) the number of common shares equal to the quotient of (A) the sum of the Liquidation Preference and the accrued and unpaid dividends with respect to such Series A Preferred Share to be converted divided by (B) the conversion price of such share in effect as of the date of the Mandatory Conversion plus (ii) cash in lieu of fractional shares.

Upon any Mandatory Conversion on or before March 1, 2027, all dividends that would have accrued from the date of the Mandatory Conversion to the later of March 1, 2027 or the last day of the eighth quarter following the date of the Mandatory Conversion, the last eight quarters of which will be discounted to present value using a discount rate of 3.5% per annum, and will be immediately payable in common shares, valued at the average of the daily VWAP of the Company’s common shares during the five (5) trading days immediately preceding the conversion.

The holders of the Series A Preferred Shares may require the Company to repurchase their shares upon the occurrence of certain change of control events. Upon the occurrence of a Fundamental Change (as defined in the Certificate of Designations), each holder of outstanding Series A Preferred Shares will be permitted to, at its election, (i) effective as of immediately prior to the Fundamental Change, convert all or a portion of its Series A Preferred Shares into common shares, or (ii) require the Company to repurchase any or all of such holder’s Series A Preferred Shares at a purchase price per Series A Preferred Share equal to the Liquidation Preference of such Series A Preferred Share plus accrued and unpaid dividends plus, if the Fundamental Change repurchase occurs prior to March 1, 2027, all dividends that would have accrued up to such date, but that have not been paid. The repurchase price will be payable in cash.

Because the Company may be required to repurchase all or a portion of the Series A Preferred Shares at the option of the holder upon the occurrence of certain change of control events, the Series A Preferred Shares are classified as mezzanine equity in the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets and recognized at their determined fair value of \$133.1 million. The Series A Preferred Shares were valued using a lattice method commonly applied to value preferred shares. The Series A Preferred Shares are classified as Level 3 in the valuation hierarchy due to the presence of significant unobservable inputs.

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Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

The Certificate of Designations limits transfers of the Series A Preferred Shares without the Company’s consent if, after the transfer, the transferee would hold 9.9% or more of the voting equity of the Company or, in the event of an A.M. Best downgrade of James River Insurance Company below A- (Excellent), 19.9% of the voting equity.

Under the terms of the Investment Agreement, GPC Partners has the right to designate one member of the Board (the “Series A Designee”). GPC Partners designated Matthew Botein as the Series A Designee, and Mr. Botein was approved by the Board as a Class I director with a term that expired at the 2024 annual general meeting of the Company’s shareholders. Mr. Botein was re-elected as a director at the 2024 annual general meeting for a term ending at the 2025 annual general meeting.

14. Capital Stock and Equity Awards

Common Shares

Total common shares outstanding increased from 45,644,318 at December 31, 2024 to 45,895,335 at June 30, 2025, reflecting 251,017 common shares issued in the six months ended June 30, 2025 related to vesting of RSUs.

Dividends

The Company declared the following dividends on common shares during the first six months of 2025 and 2024:

Date of Declaration	Dividend per Common Share	Payable to Shareholders of Record on	Payment Date	Total Amount
2025				
February 20, 2025	\$ 0.01	March 10, 2025	March 31, 2025	\$ 477,412
April 24, 2025	\$ 0.01	June 9, 2025	June 30, 2025	476,186
	\$ 0.02			<u>\$ 953,598</u>
2024				
February 15, 2024	\$ 0.05	March 11, 2024	March 29, 2024	\$ 1,940,410
April 25, 2024	\$ 0.05	June 10, 2024	June 28, 2024	1,938,439
	\$ 0.10			<u>\$ 3,878,849</u>

Included in the total dividends for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 are \$36,000 and \$96,000, respectively, of dividend equivalents on unvested RSUs. The balance of dividends payable on unvested RSUs was \$137,000 at June 30, 2025 and \$252,000 at December 31, 2024.

Equity Incentive Plans

The Company’s shareholders have approved various equity incentive plans, including the 2014 Long Term Incentive Plan (“2014 LTIP”) and the 2014 Non-Employee Director Incentive Plan (“2014 Director Plan”) (collectively, the “Plans”). All awards issued under the Plans are issued at the discretion of the Board of Directors.

Employees are eligible to receive non-qualified stock options, incentive stock options, share appreciation rights, performance shares, restricted shares, RSUs, and other awards under the 2014 LTIP. At June 30, 2025, the maximum number of shares available for issuance under the 2014 LTIP was 5,507,650 and 599,695 shares were available for grant.

On July 26, 2022, the Board of Directors of the Company approved a new long-term incentive plan (the “LTI Plan”) under the 2014 LTIP. The LTI Plan is designed to align compensation of designated senior officers of the Company with Company performance and shareholder interests over the long-term. Awards under the LTI Plan are made in the form of performance restricted share units (a “PRSU”) and service based restricted share units (RSUs).

Each PRSU represents a contingent right to receive one Company common share based upon the level of achievement of certain performance metrics during the performance period, with payout for achievement of threshold, target and maximum performance levels to be set at 50%, 100% and 200% of the target number of PRSUs, respectively. The PRSUs awarded in the first quarter of 2023 have a performance period of January 1, 2023 through December 31, 2025. The PRSUs awarded in the first quarter of 2024 have a performance period of January 1, 2024 through December 31, 2026. The PRSUs awarded in the first quarter of 2025 have a performance period of January 1, 2025 through December 31, 2027.

JAMES RIVER GROUP HOLDING, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Non-employee directors of the Company are eligible to receive non-qualified stock options, share appreciation rights, performance shares, restricted shares, RSUs, and other awards under the 2014 Director Plan. At June 30, 2025, the maximum number of shares available for issuance under the 2014 Director Plan was 250,000 and 50,410 shares were available for grant.

Generally, awards issued under the 2014 LTIP and 2014 Director Plan vest immediately in the event that an award recipient is terminated without Cause (as defined in the applicable plans), and in the case of the 2014 LTIP for Good Reason (as defined in the applicable plans), at any time following a Change in Control (as defined in the applicable plans).

RSUs

The following table summarizes RSU activity:

	Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2025		2024	
	Shares	Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value	Shares	Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value
Unvested, beginning of period	885,173	\$ 15.30	751,254	\$ 23.48
Granted	1,321,733	\$ 3.68	537,060	\$ 9.76
Vested	(362,216)	\$ 18.00	(268,993)	\$ 25.11
Forfeited	(121,369)	\$ 6.50	(76,305)	\$ 15.56
Unvested, end of period	<u>1,723,321</u>	<u>\$ 6.44</u>	<u>943,016</u>	<u>\$ 15.84</u>

Outstanding RSUs granted to employees generally vest ratably over a three year vesting period in the case of time-vest RSUs and cliff vest at the end of a three-year performance period in the case of PRSUs. RSUs granted to non-employee directors generally have a one year vesting period. The holders of RSUs are entitled to dividend equivalents. The dividend equivalents are settled in cash at the same time that the underlying RSUs vest and are subject to the same risk of forfeiture as the underlying shares. The fair value of the RSUs granted is generally based on the market price of the underlying shares at the date of grant. The RSUs granted in 2025 and 2024 include 620,108 and 231,492 PRSU awards, respectively. Initial PRSU awards are granted at the 100% target performance level. The Company projects the level of achievement for each award during the performance period and periodically adjusts the number of outstanding awards to reflect the number of awards expected to vest.

Options

At December 31, 2023, the Company had 74,390 options outstanding with an average weighted exercise price of \$42.17. The options lapsed in the six months ended June 30, 2024, after which, there have been no options outstanding.

Compensation Expense

Share based compensation expense is recognized on a straight-line basis over the vesting period. The amount of expense and related tax benefit is summarized below:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	<i>(in thousands)</i>			
Share based compensation expense	\$ 834	\$ 1,553	\$ 3,494	\$ 4,228
U.S. tax benefit on share based compensation expense	134	293	651	790

At June 30, 2025, the Company had \$6.9 million of unrecognized share based compensation expense expected to be charged to earnings over a weighted-average period of 2.0 years.

15. Subsequent Events

On July 24, 2025, the Board of Directors declared a cash dividend of \$0.01 per common share. The dividend is payable on September 30, 2025 to shareholders of record on September 15, 2025.

On July 24, 2025, the Board of Directors declared a dividend of up to \$2.0 million on the Series A Preferred Shares. The dividend will be payable in cash on September 30, 2025 to shareholders of record on September 15, 2025.

JAMES RIVER GROUP HOLDING, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

On July 24, 2025, the Board of Directors approved awards under the 2014 LTIP and the 2014 Director Plan to the Company's employees and directors with fair values of \$250,000 and \$31,000, respectively, and grant dates of August 6, 2025 and July 24, 2025, respectively.

On July 17, 2025, the U.S. District Court, Southern District of New York granted the Company's motion to dismiss the lawsuit filed on July 15, 2024 by Fleming against JRG Holdings and certain of its officers, asserting claims under Sections 10(b) and 20(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, common law fraud, and breaches of contract associated with Fleming's purchase of JRG Re pursuant to the Stock Purchase Agreement. The deadline for Fleming to file a notice of appeal is August 18, 2025.

Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Our actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of many factors. Factors that could cause such differences are discussed in the sections entitled “Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements” in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, and Part I, Item 1A “Risk Factors” in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024. The results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the full year ending December 31, 2025, or for any other future period. The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto included in Part I, Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, and in conjunction with our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024.

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes have been prepared in accordance with United States (“U.S.”) generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”) and include the accounts of James River Group Holdings, Ltd. and its subsidiaries. Unless the context indicates or suggests otherwise, references to “the Company”, “we”, “us” and “our” refer to James River Group Holdings, Ltd. and its subsidiaries.

Our Business

James River Group Holdings, Ltd. (“JRG Holdings”) is a Bermuda-based holding company. We own and operate a group of five insurance companies with the objective of generating compelling returns on tangible equity while limiting underwriting and investment volatility. We seek to accomplish this by earning profits from insurance underwriting and generating meaningful investment returns, while managing our capital to meet our risk management, regulatory and rating agency requirements.

We report our continuing operations in three reportable segments:

- The Excess and Surplus Lines segment offers commercial excess and surplus lines liability and property insurance in every U.S. state, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands through James River Insurance Company and its wholly-owned subsidiary, James River Casualty Company;
- The Specialty Admitted Insurance segment focuses on niche classes within the standard insurance markets with a primary focus on fronting business, where we retain a minority share of the risk and earn fee income by allowing other carriers and producers to use our licensure, ratings, expertise and infrastructure. Through Falls Lake National and its subsidiaries, this segment has admitted licenses and the authority to write excess and surplus lines insurance in 50 states and the District of Columbia and distributes through a variety of sources, including program administrators and managing general agents;
- The Corporate and Other segment consists of the management, technology, and treasury activities of our holding companies, interest expense associated with our debt, and expenses of our holding companies, including public company expenses and long-term incentive compensation (including share-based compensation) for the group.

Our discontinued operations include JRG Reinsurance Company Ltd. (“JRG Re”), which comprised the remaining operations of the former Casualty Reinsurance segment, and which, prior to the suspension of its underwriting activities in 2023, provided proportional and working layer casualty reinsurance to third parties. On November 8, 2023, the Company entered into a definitive agreement to sell JRG Re. The sale of JRG Re, which closed on April 16, 2024, resulted in the Company’s disposition of its casualty reinsurance business and related assets. The Company has no continued involvement with JRG Re following the sale.

All of the Company’s U.S.-domiciled insurance subsidiaries are party to an intercompany reinsurance “pooling” agreement that distributes the net underwriting results among the group companies based on their approximate pro-rata level of statutory capital and surplus to the total Company statutory capital and surplus. We report all segment information in this “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” prior to the effects of intercompany reinsurance, consistent with the manner in which we evaluate the operating performance of our reportable segments.

The A.M. Best Company financial strength rating for our U.S. insurance subsidiaries is “A-” (Excellent).

Key Metrics

We discuss certain key metrics, described below, which we believe provide useful information about our business and the operational factors underlying our financial performance.

Underwriting profit is a non-GAAP measure commonly used in the property and casualty insurance industry to evaluate underwriting performance. We believe that the disclosure of underwriting profit by individual segment and of the Company as a whole is useful to investors, analysts, rating agencies and other users of our financial information in evaluating our performance

because our objective is to consistently earn underwriting profits. We evaluate the performance of our segments and allocate resources based primarily on the potential for underwriting profit. We define underwriting profit as net earned premiums and gross fee income (in specific instances when the Company is not retaining insurance risk) less losses and loss adjustment expenses on business from continuing operations not subject to retroactive reinsurance accounting and other operating expenses. Other operating expenses include the underwriting, acquisition, and insurance expenses of the operating segments and, for consolidated underwriting profit, the expenses of the Corporate and Other segment. Our definition of underwriting profit may not be comparable to that of other companies. See “Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures” for a reconciliation of underwriting profit to income from continuing operations before taxes and for additional information.

Loss ratio, expressed as a percentage, is the ratio of losses and loss adjustment expenses on business from continuing operations not subject to retroactive reinsurance accounting to net earned premiums. Our definition of loss ratio may not be comparable to that of other companies. See “Underwriting Performance Ratios” for a reconciliation of underwriting ratios.

Accident year loss ratio, expressed as a percentage, is the ratio of losses and loss adjustment expenses for the current accident year (excluding development on prior accident year reserves) to net earned premiums for the current year (excluding ceded earned premium associated with adverse development covers covering prior accident years and net earned premium adjustments on certain reinsurance treaties with reinstatement premiums associated with prior years).

Expense ratio, expressed as a percentage, is the ratio of other operating expenses net of gross fee income included in other income to net earned premiums.

Combined ratio is a measure of underwriting performance calculated as the sum of the loss ratio and the expense ratio. A combined ratio of less than 100% indicates an underwriting profit, while a combined ratio greater than 100% reflects an underwriting loss. Our definition of combined ratio may not be comparable to that of other companies. See “Underwriting Performance Ratios” for a reconciliation of underwriting ratios.

Adjusted net operating income is an internal performance measure used in the management of our operations. We believe it gives our management and other users of our financial information useful insight into our results of operations and our underlying business performance. Adjusted net operating income is defined as income available to common shareholders excluding a) income (loss) from discontinued operations b) the impact of retroactive reinsurance accounting, c) net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments, d) certain non-operating expenses such as professional service fees related to certain lawsuits, various strategic initiatives, and the filing of registration statements for the offering of securities, e) severance costs associated with terminated employees, and f) deemed dividends recorded with the amendment of the Series A Preferred Shares. Adjusted net operating income is a non-GAAP measure and should not be viewed as a substitute for net income calculated in accordance with GAAP. Our definition of adjusted net operating income may not be comparable to that of other companies. See “Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures” for a reconciliation of income available to common shareholders to adjusted net operating income.

Tangible equity is defined as shareholders' equity plus mezzanine Series A Preferred Shares (as defined below) and the unrecognized deferred retroactive reinsurance gain less goodwill and intangible assets, net of amortization. Tangible equity is a non-GAAP measure and should not be viewed as a substitute for shareholders' equity calculated in accordance with GAAP. Our definition of tangible equity may not be comparable to that of other companies. See “Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures” for a reconciliation of shareholders' equity to tangible equity.

Tangible equity per share represents tangible equity divided by the sum of total common shares outstanding plus the common shares resulting from an assumed conversion of the outstanding Series A Preferred Shares into common shares (at the conversion price effective as of the last day of the applicable period).

Tangible common equity is defined as shareholders' equity plus the unrecognized deferred retroactive reinsurance gain less goodwill and intangible assets, net of amortization. We believe tangible common equity is a good measure to evaluate the strength of our balance sheet and to compare returns relative to this measure. Key financial measures that we use to assess our longer term financial performance include the percentage growth in our tangible common equity per share and our return on tangible common equity. Tangible common equity is a non-GAAP measure and should not be viewed as a substitute for shareholders' equity calculated in accordance with GAAP. Our definition of tangible common equity may not be comparable to that of other companies. See “Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures” for a reconciliation of shareholders' equity to tangible common equity.

Adjusted net operating return on tangible common equity is defined as annualized adjusted net operating income expressed as a percentage of the average quarterly tangible common equity balances in the respective period.

Tangible common equity per share represents tangible common equity divided by the total common shares outstanding.

Net retention is defined as the ratio of net written premiums to gross written premiums.

Gross investment yield is annualized investment income before any deductions for fees and expenses, expressed as a percentage of the average beginning and ending carrying values of those investments during the period.

Unless specified otherwise, all references to our defined metrics above in this “Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” are for our business from continuing operations that is not subject to retroactive reinsurance accounting. Management believes that the lack of economic impact of retroactive reinsurance accounting makes the presentation of our key metrics on business not subject to retroactive reinsurance accounting helpful to the users of our financial information. See “Underwriting Performance Ratios” and “Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures.”

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

In preparing the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements, we are required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the condensed consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses for the reporting period. Actual results could differ significantly from those estimates.

The most critical accounting policies involve significant estimates and include those used in determining the reserve for losses and loss adjustment expenses and investment valuation and impairment. For a detailed discussion of each of these policies, refer to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024. There have been no significant changes to any of these policies during the current year.

Recent Strategic Actions

In the fourth quarter of 2024, the Board of Directors concluded the strategic review process announced in November of 2023. While the strategic review process has been completed, in the ordinary course of business the Company and Board of Directors expect to consider opportunities consistent with its fiduciary duty.

Combined Loss Portfolio Transfer and Adverse Development Cover

On July 2, 2024, James River Insurance and James River Casualty (together, “James River”), entered into a Combined Loss Portfolio Transfer and Adverse Development Cover Reinsurance Contract (the “E&S ADC”) with State National Insurance Company, Inc. (“State National”). The transaction closed upon signing.

The E&S ADC was effective January 1, 2024 (the “Effective Date”) and applies to James River’s Excess & Surplus Lines segment casualty portfolio losses attaching to premium earned during 2010-2023 (both years inclusive), excluding, among others, losses related to commercial auto policies issued to a former large insured or its affiliates (the “Subject Business”). Pursuant to the E&S ADC, (a) State National reinsures 85% of losses paid on and after the Effective Date in respect of the Subject Business in excess of \$716.6 million up to an aggregate limit of \$467.1 million (with State National’s share of the aggregate limit being \$397.0 million) in exchange for a reinsurance premium paid by James River equal to \$313.2 million, and (b) James River continues to manage claims and to manage and collect the benefit of other existing third-party reinsurance on the Subject Business, which third-party reinsurance inures to the benefit of the E&S ADC. The Company has \$28.8 million of aggregate limit remaining on the E&S ADC at June 30, 2025.

Enstar Strategic Relationship

The Company commenced a multi-pronged strategic relationship with Enstar Group Limited (“Enstar”). As part of this, on November 11, 2024, Enstar, through its subsidiary Cavello Bay Reinsurance Limited (“Cavello Bay”), entered into (i) a subscription agreement to purchase \$12.5 million of the Company’s common shares at a share price of \$6.40, which shares are in addition to 637,640 shares Enstar previously purchased in the open market, and (ii) an adverse development cover agreement with James River (the “E&S Top Up ADC”). Pursuant to the E&S Top Up ADC, in exchange for a premium of \$52.8 million (less an amount equal to the federal excise tax payable on the premium), Cavello Bay reinsures, effective January 1, 2024, 100% of the losses associated with James River’s Excess & Surplus Lines segment casualty portfolio losses attaching to premium earned during 2010-2023 (both years inclusive). This agreement excludes losses related to commercial auto policies issued to a former large insured or its affiliates. It is subject to a retention by James River of \$1,183.7 million (the limit of the E&S ADC) and up to an aggregate limit of \$75.0 million. Enstar’s purchase of common shares and the E&S Top Up ADC closed on December 23, 2024. The Company recognized a \$52.8 million reduction in pre-tax income in connection with the E&S Top Up ADC upon closing. The Company has \$75.0 million of aggregate limit remaining on the E&S Top Up ADC at June 30, 2025.

Series A Preferred Share Amendment

On November 11, 2024, the Company amended the Certificate of Designations setting forth the terms of the Series A Preferred Shares held by GPC Partners to, among other things, (i) convert \$37.5 million of the outstanding Series A Preferred Shares to common stock at a per share price of \$6.40 (the “Minimum Price”), (ii) increase the voluntary conversion price from 127.5% to 130% of the Minimum Price, (iii) increase the mandatory conversion price from 130% to 200% of the voluntary

conversion price, (iv) delay the first date on which the dividend rate re-sets from March 1, 2027 to October 1, 2029, (v) cap the dividend rate at 8%, (vi) eliminate the adverse development anti-dilution adjustment provision, and (vii) limit transfers of the Series A Preferred Shares without the Company's consent if, after the transfer, the transferee would hold 9.9% or more of the voting equity of the Company or, in the event of an A.M. Best downgrade of James River Insurance below A- (Excellent), 19.9% of the voting equity.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following table summarizes our results:

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended June 30,		
	2025	2024	% Change	2025	2024	% Change
	(\$ in thousands)					
Gross written premiums	\$ 378,003	\$ 412,247	(8.3)%	\$ 672,364	\$ 743,057	(9.5)%
Net retention	46.6 %	44.0 %		45.2 %	43.0 %	
Net written premiums	\$ 175,990	\$ 181,353	(3.0)%	\$ 303,946	\$ 319,525	(4.9)%
Net earned premiums	\$ 152,609	\$ 163,193	(6.5)%	\$ 304,511	\$ 334,884	(9.1)%
Losses and loss adjustment expenses excluding retroactive reinsurance	(103,902)	(119,155)	(12.8)%	(205,355)	(233,206)	(11.9)%
Other operating expenses	(46,643)	(42,819)	8.9 %	(96,371)	(92,319)	4.4 %
Underwriting profit (1), (2)	2,064	1,219	69.3 %	2,785	9,359	(70.2)%
Losses and loss adjustment expenses - retroactive reinsurance	(9,239)	3,684	—	(7,311)	7,686	—
Net investment income	20,516	24,931	(17.7)%	40,524	47,563	(14.8)%
Net realized and unrealized (losses) gains on investments	(352)	(2,305)	(84.7)%	(1,723)	2,278	—
Other income and expense	234	(905)	—	589	(726)	—
Interest expense	(5,805)	(6,344)	(8.5)%	(11,346)	(12,829)	(11.6)%
Amortization of intangible assets	(91)	(91)	—	(182)	(182)	—
Income from continuing operations before taxes	7,327	20,189	(63.7)%	23,336	53,149	(56.1)%
Income tax expense on continuing operations	2,207	5,711	(61.4)%	7,228	15,163	(52.3)%
Net income from continuing operations	5,120	14,478	(64.6)%	16,108	37,986	(57.6)%
Net loss from discontinued operations	(361)	(6,853)	(94.7)%	(1,775)	(14,958)	(88.1)%
Net income	4,759	7,625	(37.6)%	14,333	23,028	(37.8)%
Dividends on Series A Preferred Shares	(1,969)	(2,625)	(25.0)%	(3,938)	(5,250)	(25.0)%
Net income available to common shareholders	\$ 2,790	\$ 5,000	(44.2)%	\$ 10,395	\$ 17,778	(41.5)%
Adjusted net operating income (1)	\$ 11,693	\$ 12,664	(7.7)%	\$ 20,795	\$ 27,496	(24.4)%
Ratios:						
Loss ratio	68.1 %	73.0 %		67.4 %	69.6 %	
Expense ratio	30.5 %	26.3 %		31.7 %	27.6 %	
Combined ratio	98.6 %	99.3 %		99.1 %	97.2 %	
Accident year loss ratio	64.9 %	66.0 %		65.2 %	66.3 %	

(1) Underwriting profit and adjusted net operating income are non-GAAP measures. See "Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures."

(2) Included in underwriting results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 is gross fee income of \$3.9 million and \$8.3 million, respectively (\$5.6 million and \$10.9 million in the respective prior year periods).

Three Months Ended June 30, 2025 and 2024

The Company produced net income from continuing operations of \$5.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025 compared to \$14.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024. Adjusted net operating income was \$11.7 million and \$12.7 million in the respective periods.

Underwriting profits were \$2.1 million and \$1.2 million (combined ratios of 98.6% and 99.3%) for the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively, reflecting higher underwriting profit in our Excess and Surplus Lines segment which was partially offset by an underwriting loss in our Specialty Admitted Insurance segment. Underwriting results for the three months

ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 include \$2.7 million and \$1.2 million of premium adjustments associated with prior years including reinstatement premium in the Excess and Surplus Lines segment. The premium adjustments reduced net written and net earned premiums, and underwriting profit in the respective quarters, and resulted in increases to our combined ratio of 1.7 and 0.7 percentage points, respectively.

The loss ratio for the three months ended June 30, 2025 improved compared to the prior year quarter largely driven by net reserve development on prior accident years (excluding adverse prior year development from continuing operations that is subject to retroactive reinsurance accounting - see discussion below) which was \$3.0 million or 2.0 points adverse in the three months ended June 30, 2025 compared to \$10.7 million or 6.5 points adverse in the three months ended June 30, 2024. Premium adjustments associated with prior years including reinstatement premium in the Excess and Surplus Lines segment increased the respective loss ratios by 1.2 and 0.5 points. The loss ratio for the current year quarter also benefited from a lower current accident year loss ratio and segment mix with the Excess and Surplus Lines segment representing 92.6% of consolidated net earned premiums in the three months ended June 30, 2025 compared to 86.1% in the three months ended June 30, 2024.

Our expense ratio increased from 26.3% in the prior year quarter to 30.5% in the current year quarter reflecting higher expense ratios for both operating segments, partially offset by lower expenses in the Corporate and Other segment. Refer to the Segment Results section below for further discussion of the segment expense ratios. Premium adjustments associated with prior years including reinstatement premium in the Excess and Surplus Lines segment increased the respective consolidated expense ratios by 0.5 and 0.3 points in the respective three month periods.

Investment income declined by \$4.4 million or 17.7% in the three months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the same period in the prior year driven by lower invested assets following the funding of strategic initiatives during the second half of 2024 including the reinsurance premium paid to enter the E&S ADC and the E&S Top Up ADC, as well as lower yields. Net realized and unrealized losses on investments were lower in the current year quarter largely due to unfavorable mark-to-market adjustments in the prior year quarter on equity securities of \$1.1 million and bank loan participations of \$753,000 (see *Investing Results* below).

The Company entered into a definitive agreement on November 8, 2023 to sell JRG Re. The sale closed on April 16, 2024 and discontinued operations in the prior year period includes the operating results of JRG Re which were a loss of \$5.7 million for the period April 1, 2024 to April 16, 2024. The loss on disposal, also included in discontinued operations above, was \$361,000 and \$1.2 million in the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

Adjusted net operating results decreased by \$971,000 or 7.7% from the prior year quarter mostly due to the lower investment income. Growth in tangible common equity of 5.3% in the current quarter was largely driven by net income and unrealized gains on fixed maturities in other comprehensive income due to a decline in interest rates. Our 14.0% adjusted net operating return on tangible common equity for the three months ended June 30, 2025 compares to a 14.9% return for the three months ended June 30, 2024.

Six Months Ended June 30, 2025 and 2024

The Company produced net income from continuing operations of \$16.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 compared to \$38.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024. Adjusted net operating income was \$20.8 million and \$27.5 million in the respective periods.

Underwriting profits were \$2.8 million and \$9.4 million (combined ratios of 99.1% and 97.2%) for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively. Underwriting results for the respective six month periods include \$5.8 million and \$1.2 million of premium adjustments associated with prior years including reinstatement premium in the Excess and Surplus Lines segment. The premium adjustments reduced net written and net earned premiums, and underwriting profit and increased our combined ratio by 1.9 and 0.3 percentage points in the respective periods.

Our loss ratio of 67.4% for the six months ended June 30, 2025 improved compared to the prior year loss ratio of 69.6% primarily reflecting net reserve development on prior accident years (excluding adverse prior year development from continuing operations that is subject to retroactive reinsurance accounting - see discussion below) which was \$2.9 million or 1.0 points adverse in the six months ended June 30, 2025 compared to \$10.3 million or 3.1 points adverse in the six months ended June 30, 2024. Premium adjustments associated with prior years including reinstatement premium in the Excess and Surplus Lines segment increased the respective loss ratios by 1.2 and 0.2 points. The current year loss ratio also benefited from a lower current accident year loss ratio and segment mix with the Excess and Surplus Lines segment representing 91.4% of consolidated net earned premiums in the six months ended June 30, 2025 compared to 85.4% in the six months ended June 30, 2024.

Our expense ratio increased from 27.6% in the prior year to 31.7% in the current year reflecting higher expense ratios for both operating segments, partially offset by lower expenses in the Corporate and Other segment. Refer to the Segment Results section below for further discussion of the segment expense ratios. Premium adjustments associated with prior years including

reinstatement premium in the Excess and Surplus Lines segment increased the respective consolidated expense ratios by 0.7 and 0.1 points.

Investment income declined by \$7.0 million or 14.8% in the six months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the same period in the prior year driven by lower invested assets following the funding of strategic initiatives during the second half of 2024 including the reinsurance premium paid to enter the E&S ADC and the E&S Top Up ADC, as well as lower yields. Net realized and unrealized losses on investments of \$1.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 include \$2.1 million of net realized and unrealized losses on bank loan participations, partially offset by \$313,000 of net realized and unrealized gains on equity securities. Net realized and unrealized gains of \$2.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024 were largely due to favorable mark-to-market adjustments on equity securities of \$3.1 million (see *Investing Results* below).

Discontinued operations in the prior year period includes the operating results of JRG Re which were a loss of \$13.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024. The prior year loss from discontinued operations primarily reflects net adverse development of \$7.1 million on treaties not subject to the Casualty Re loss portfolio transfer. The loss on disposal, also included in discontinued operations above, was \$1.8 million and \$1.4 million in the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

Adjusted net operating results declined from the prior year by \$6.7 million or 24.4% due to the lower underwriting results and lower investment income. Growth in tangible common equity of 12.8% for the six months ended June 30, 2025 was largely driven by net income and unrealized gains on fixed maturities in other comprehensive income due to a decline in interest rates. Our 12.8% adjusted net operating return on tangible common equity for the six months ended June 30, 2025 compares to a 16.1% return for the six months ended June 30, 2024.

Loss Portfolio Transfers and Adverse Development Covers

Loss portfolio transfers and adverse development covers are forms of retroactive reinsurance utilized by the Company to transfer losses and loss adjustment expenses and associated risk of adverse development on covered subject business, as defined in the respective agreements, to an assuming reinsurer in exchange for a reinsurance premium. This reinsurance can bring economic finality (up to the limit of such agreements, if applicable) on the subject risks when they no longer meet the Company's risk appetite or are no longer aligned with the Company's risk management strategy. In addition to the E&S ADC and E&S Top Up ADC described in "Recent Strategic Actions", the Company also participates in a Commercial Auto loss portfolio transfer.

Commercial Auto Loss Portfolio Transfer

On September 27, 2021, James River Insurance and James River Casualty Company (together, "James River") entered into a loss portfolio transfer transaction (the "Commercial Auto LPT") with Aleka Insurance, Inc. ("Aleka"), a captive insurance company affiliate of Rasier LLC, to reinsure substantially all of the Excess and Surplus Lines segment's legacy portfolio of commercial auto policies previously issued to Rasier LLC and its affiliates (collectively, "Rasier") for which James River is not otherwise indemnified by Rasier. The reinsurance coverage is structured to be fully collateralized, is not subject to an aggregate limit, and is subject to certain exclusions. The cumulative amounts ceded under the loss portfolio transfer were \$458.0 million and \$459.3 million as of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.

Retroactive Reinsurance Accounting

The Company periodically reevaluates the remaining reserves subject to the Commercial Auto LPT, the E&S ADC, and the E&S Top Up ADC, and when recognized adverse prior year development on the subject business causes the cumulative amounts ceded under the agreements to exceed the consideration paid, the agreements move into a gain position subject to retroactive reinsurance accounting under GAAP. Gains are deferred under retroactive reinsurance accounting and recognized in earnings in proportion to actual paid recoveries under the agreements using the recovery method. While the deferral of gains can introduce volatility in our results in the short-term, over the life of the contract, we would expect no economic impact to the Company as long as the counterparty performs under the contract and losses are within the limit (if any). The impact of retroactive reinsurance accounting is not indicative of our current and ongoing operations.

The following tables summarize the retroactive reinsurance accounting for the Commercial Auto LPT and the E&S ADC for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
<i>(in thousands)</i>				
Commercial Auto LPT				
Deferred retroactive reinsurance gain at beginning of period	\$ 7,294	\$ 16,731	\$ 9,222	\$ 20,733
(Favorable) adverse prior year development ceded on subject business	(1,414)	1,420	(1,270)	1,897
Retroactive reinsurance benefits under the recovery method	71	(5,104)	(2,001)	(9,583)
Deferred retroactive reinsurance gain at end of period	<u>\$ 5,951</u>	<u>\$ 13,047</u>	<u>\$ 5,951</u>	<u>\$ 13,047</u>
E&S ADC				
Deferred retroactive reinsurance gain at beginning of period	\$ 48,748	\$ —	\$ 48,748	\$ —
Adverse prior year development ceded on subject business	10,582	—	10,582	—
Retroactive reinsurance benefits under the recovery method	—	—	—	—
Deferred retroactive reinsurance gain at end of period	<u>\$ 59,330</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 59,330</u>	<u>\$ —</u>
Total				
Deferred retroactive reinsurance gain at beginning of period	\$ 56,042	\$ 16,731	\$ 57,970	\$ 20,733
Adverse prior year development ceded on subject business	9,168	1,420	9,312	1,897
Retroactive reinsurance benefits under the recovery method	71	(5,104)	(2,001)	(9,583)
Deferred retroactive reinsurance gain at end of period	<u>\$ 65,281</u>	<u>\$ 13,047</u>	<u>\$ 65,281</u>	<u>\$ 13,047</u>

Premiums

Insurance premiums are earned ratably over the terms of our insurance policies, generally twelve months. The following table summarizes the change in premium volume by component and business segment:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		%	Six Months Ended June 30,		%
	2025	2024		2025	2024	
<i>(\$ in thousands)</i>						
Gross written premiums:						
Excess and Surplus Lines	\$ 300,444	\$ 292,836	2.6 %	\$ 513,687	\$ 506,527	1.4 %
Specialty Admitted Insurance	77,559	119,411	(35.0)%	158,677	236,530	(32.9)%
	<u>\$ 378,003</u>	<u>\$ 412,247</u>	<u>(8.3)%</u>	<u>\$ 672,364</u>	<u>\$ 743,057</u>	<u>(9.5)%</u>
Net written premiums:						
Excess and Surplus Lines	\$ 166,645	\$ 161,601	3.1 %	\$ 281,724	\$ 279,026	1.0 %
Specialty Admitted Insurance	9,345	19,752	(52.7)%	22,222	40,499	(45.1)%
	<u>\$ 175,990</u>	<u>\$ 181,353</u>	<u>(3.0)%</u>	<u>\$ 303,946</u>	<u>\$ 319,525</u>	<u>(4.9)%</u>
Net earned premiums:						
Excess and Surplus Lines	\$ 141,370	\$ 140,447	0.7 %	\$ 278,398	\$ 286,070	(2.7)%
Specialty Admitted Insurance	11,239	22,746	(50.6)%	26,113	48,814	(46.5)%
	<u>\$ 152,609</u>	<u>\$ 163,193</u>	<u>(6.5)%</u>	<u>\$ 304,511</u>	<u>\$ 334,884</u>	<u>(9.1)%</u>

Gross written premiums for the Excess and Surplus Lines segment (which represents 76.4% of our consolidated gross written premiums from continuing operations in the six months ended June 30, 2025) grew by 2.6% and 1.4% over the three and six month periods in the prior year driven by expansion in our largest underwriting divisions. Given changes in our underwriting appetite, we are being selective in certain lines of business. Submissions for Core E&S lines (excluding

commercial auto) for the six months ended June 30, 2025 was 5.7% higher than the same period in the prior year. The number of bound policies in the six months ended June 30, 2025 declined 2.5% from the prior year period, and average premium size decreased 16.0% due to our focus on writing smaller accounts and the mix of business. Renewal rates for the Excess and Surplus Lines segment were up 13.9% and 11.7% compared to the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, respectively. The increases were widespread across most underwriting divisions. Excess Casualty, our largest division, saw increases of 24.2% and 20.2% compared to the three and six month prior year periods. The change in gross written premiums was notable in several divisions as shown below:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		% Change	Six Months Ended June 30,		% Change
	2025	2024		2025	2024	
	(\$ in thousands)					
Excess Casualty	\$ 101,034	\$ 96,462	4.7 %	\$ 171,796	\$ 166,292	3.3 %
General Casualty	73,772	69,506	6.1 %	117,430	113,258	3.7 %
Manufacturers & Contractors	47,274	46,445	1.8 %	87,900	84,349	4.2 %
Excess Property	14,895	18,426	(19.2)%	26,486	31,995	(17.2)%
Energy	17,275	15,487	11.5 %	24,699	24,300	1.6 %
Allied Health	11,056	8,829	25.2 %	18,305	15,560	17.6 %
Environmental	4,604	5,832	(21.1)%	7,666	11,076	(30.8)%
All other Core E&S divisions	24,580	24,517	0.3 %	46,742	47,564	(1.7)%
Total Core E&S divisions	294,490	285,504	3.1 %	501,024	494,394	1.3 %
Commercial Auto	\$ 5,954	\$ 7,332	(18.8)%	12,663	12,133	4.4 %
Excess and Surplus Lines gross written premium	\$ 300,444	\$ 292,836	2.6 %	\$ 513,687	\$ 506,527	1.4 %

Gross written premiums for the Specialty Admitted Insurance segment (which represents 23.6% of our consolidated gross written premiums for the six months ended June 30, 2025) declined from the three and six month periods in the prior year driven by several non-renewals in our fronting business, reflective of the Company's strategy to remain opportunistic in the current market environment and manage this segment to retain minimal risk. Individual risk workers' compensation premium continues to run off following the sale of the renewal rights to that business in 2023.

Net Retention

Our net premium retention is summarized by segment as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Excess and Surplus Lines	55.5 %	55.2 %	54.8 %	55.1 %
Specialty Admitted Insurance	12.0 %	16.5 %	14.0 %	17.1 %
Total	46.6 %	44.0 %	45.2 %	43.0 %

Net premium retention for the Excess and Surplus Lines segment in the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 was impacted by \$2.7 million and \$5.8 million (\$1.2 million in each of the respective three and six month prior year periods) of premium adjustments associated with prior years including reinstatement premium which reduced net written premiums and the net retention ratio.

The net premium retention for the fronting business in the Specialty Admitted Insurance segment declined in the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 as compared to the respective prior year periods due to the mix of business, including the impact of certain non-renewals in our fronting business, and changes in reinsurance as coverages renew.

Segment Results

The following table presents our combined ratios by segment:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Excess and Surplus Lines	91.7 %	95.4 %	91.6 %	91.3 %
Specialty Admitted Insurance	112.6 %	85.0 %	106.6 %	91.4 %
Total	98.6 %	99.3 %	99.1 %	97.2 %

Excess and Surplus Lines Segment

Results for the Excess and Surplus Lines segment are as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		%	Six Months Ended June 30,		%
	2025	2024		2025	2024	
	(\$ in thousands)					
Gross written premiums	\$ 300,444	\$ 292,836	2.6 %	\$ 513,687	\$ 506,527	1.4 %
Net written premiums	\$ 166,645	\$ 161,601	3.1 %	\$ 281,724	\$ 279,026	1.0 %
Net earned premiums	\$ 141,370	\$ 140,447	0.7 %	\$ 278,398	\$ 286,070	(2.7)%
Losses and loss adjustment expenses excluding retroactive reinsurance	(93,860)	(101,533)	(7.6)%	(182,664)	(195,138)	(6.4)%
Underwriting expenses	(35,803)	(32,487)	10.2 %	(72,369)	(66,014)	9.6 %
Underwriting profit (1)	\$ 11,707	\$ 6,427	82.2 %	\$ 23,365	\$ 24,918	(6.2)%
Ratios:						
Loss ratio	66.4 %	72.3 %		65.6 %	68.2 %	
Expense ratio	25.3 %	23.1 %		26.0 %	23.1 %	
Combined ratio	91.7 %	95.4 %		91.6 %	91.3 %	
Accident year loss ratio	63.5 %	64.2 %		63.5 %	64.2 %	

(1) Underwriting Profit is a non-GAAP Measure. See "Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures."

The Excess and Surplus Lines segment produced underwriting profits of \$11.7 million and \$6.4 million (combined ratios of 91.7% and 95.4%) in the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively. The underwriting results for the respective three month periods were impacted by \$2.7 million and \$1.2 million of premium adjustments associated with prior years including reinstatement premium which reduced net written and net earned premiums, and underwriting profit. The premium adjustments increased the segment combined ratios by 1.7 and 0.8 percentage points, respectively.

The loss ratio for the three months ended June 30, 2025 improved compared to the ratio for the prior year period primarily due to less net adverse reserve development on prior accident years (excluding adverse prior year development that is subject to retroactive reinsurance accounting - see discussion above) which was \$2.3 million or 1.6 points adverse in the three months ended June 30, 2025 compared to \$10.7 million or 7.6 points adverse in the three months ended June 30, 2024. The adverse development in the prior year period included \$9.7 million that was subject to the E&S ADC. The E&S ADC was effective January 1, 2024, but closed on July 2, 2024. As such, recoveries were recognized beginning in the third quarter of 2024. The premium adjustments associated with prior years including reinstatement premium increased the respective loss ratios by 1.2 and 0.6 percentage points.

The expense ratio increased from 23.1% in the prior year quarter to 25.3% in the current year quarter due to the impact of the premium adjustments associated with prior years including reinstatement premium, lower ceding commissions due to changes in reinsurance treaty structure, and higher expenses for outside consulting, software, and bad debts. The premium adjustments increased the segment expense ratio by 0.5 and 0.2 percentage points in the respective periods.

For the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, the Excess and Surplus Lines segment produced underwriting profits of \$23.4 million and \$24.9 million (combined ratios of 91.6% and 91.3%), respectively. The underwriting results were impacted by \$5.8 million and \$1.2 million, respectively, of premium adjustments associated with prior years including reinstatement premium which reduced net written and net earned premiums, and underwriting profit. The premium adjustments increased the segment combined ratio by 1.9 and 0.4 in the respective six-month periods.

The six-month loss ratios include net reserve development on prior accident years (excluding adverse prior year development that is subject to retroactive reinsurance accounting - see discussion above) that was \$2.3 million or 0.8 points adverse for the six months ended June 30, 2025 compared to \$10.7 million or 3.7 points adverse in the six months ended June 30, 2024. The premium adjustments increased the segment loss ratio by 1.3 and 0.3 in the respective six-month periods.

The expense ratio increased from 23.1% for the six months ended June 30, 2024 to 26.0% in the corresponding current year period reflecting lower net earned premium, including the impact of the premium adjustments associated with prior years including reinstatement premium, lower ceding commissions due to changes in reinsurance treaty structure, and higher expenses for compensation, outside consulting, software, and bad debts. The premium adjustments increased the segment expense ratio by 0.6 and 0.1 percentage points in the respective six-month periods.

Specialty Admitted Insurance Segment

Results for the Specialty Admitted Insurance segment are as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		% Change	Six Months Ended June 30,		% Change
	2025	2024		2025	2024	
	(\$ in thousands)					
Gross written premiums	\$ 77,559	\$ 119,411	(35.0)%	\$ 158,677	\$ 236,530	(32.9)%
Net written premiums	\$ 9,345	\$ 19,752	(52.7)%	\$ 22,222	\$ 40,499	(45.1)%
Net earned premiums	\$ 11,239	\$ 22,746	(50.6)%	\$ 26,113	\$ 48,814	(46.5)%
Losses and loss adjustment expenses	(10,042)	(17,622)	(43.0)%	(22,691)	(38,068)	(40.4)%
Underwriting expenses	(2,618)	(1,708)	53.3 %	(5,149)	(6,544)	(21.3)%
Underwriting profit ^{(1), (2)}	\$ (1,421)	\$ 3,416	—	\$ (1,727)	\$ 4,202	—
Ratios:						
Loss ratio	89.3 %	77.5 %		86.9 %	78.0 %	
Expense ratio	23.3 %	7.5 %		19.7 %	13.4 %	
Combined ratio	112.6 %	85.0 %		106.6 %	91.4 %	
Accident year loss ratio	83.1 %	77.5 %		84.7 %	78.9 %	

(1) Underwriting Profit is a non-GAAP Measure. See "Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures."

(2) Underwriting results include gross fee income of \$3.9 million and \$8.3 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 respectively (\$5.6 million and \$10.9 million in the respective prior year periods).

The Specialty Admitted Insurance segment reported underwriting losses of \$1.4 million and \$1.7 million in the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively, compared to underwriting profits of \$3.4 million and \$4.2 million in the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, respectively. Net earned premium and fee income declined compared to the three and six month periods in the prior year due to the non-renewal of several programs, reflective of the Company's strategy to remain opportunistic in the current market environment and manage the segment to retain minimal risk. The segment loss ratios were impacted by net development in our loss estimates for prior accident years that was \$700,000 and \$579,000 adverse in the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively, compared to \$4,000 and \$442,000 favorable in the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, respectively. The segment expense ratios in the prior year benefited from certain sliding scale and other adjustments on certain programs which lowered commission expense and the segment expense ratio in the prior year.

Corporate and Other Segment

Other operating expenses for the Corporate and Other segment include personnel costs associated with the Bermuda and U.S. holding companies, professional fees, long-term incentive compensation (including share-based compensation) for the full Company, public company and various other corporate expenses. The expenses are included in our calculation of consolidated underwriting profit, and in our consolidated expense ratio and combined ratio. Total operating expenses of the Corporate and Other segment were \$8.2 million and \$18.9 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively (\$8.6 million and \$19.8 million in the respective prior year periods). The reduction in operating expenses from the prior year periods was primarily attributable to reduced compensation expenses and lower insurance and financial audit expenses.

Investing Results

Net investment income was \$20.5 million and \$40.5 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively (\$24.9 million and \$47.6 million in the respective prior year periods). The Company's private investments generated income of \$986,000 and \$1.2 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively (income of \$1.9 million and \$1.8 million in the respective prior year periods). Excluding private investments, our net investment income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 decreased 15.2% and 14.1%, respectively, from the three and six month periods in the prior year principally due to lower invested assets following the funding of strategic initiatives during the last half of 2024 including the reinsurance premiums paid to enter the E&S ADC and the E&S Top Up ADC, as well as lower yields. The average duration of our portfolio excluding restricted cash equivalents was 3.5 years at June 30, 2025.

Major categories of the Company's net investment income are summarized as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	<i>(\$ in thousands)</i>			
Fixed maturity securities	\$ 12,919	\$ 12,628	\$ 25,151	\$ 25,493
Bank loan participations	3,124	4,624	6,319	9,080
Equity securities	1,445	1,632	2,704	3,546
Other invested assets	986	1,909	1,186	1,764
Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash equivalents and short-term investments	2,979	5,064	7,051	9,504
Gross investment income	21,453	25,857	42,411	49,387
Investment expense	(937)	(926)	(1,887)	(1,824)
Net investment income	\$ 20,516	\$ 24,931	\$ 40,524	\$ 47,563

The following table summarizes our annualized gross investment yields:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Cash and invested assets	4.4 %	4.8 %	4.3 %	4.7 %
Fixed maturity securities	4.2 %	5.0 %	4.3 %	5.0 %

Of our total cash and invested assets of \$1,936.5 million at June 30, 2025 (excluding restricted cash equivalents), \$220.0 million represents the cash and cash equivalents portion of the portfolio. The majority of the portfolio, or \$1,300.2 million, is comprised of fixed maturity securities that are classified as available-for-sale and carried at fair value with unrealized gains and losses on these securities reported, net of applicable taxes, as a separate component of accumulated comprehensive income (loss). Also included in our investments are \$158.9 million of bank loan participations, \$88.0 million of equity securities, \$111.2 million of short-term investments, and \$58.1 million of other invested assets.

Bank loan participations generally provide a higher yield than our portfolio of fixed maturity securities and are primarily senior, secured floating-rate debt rated "BB", "B", or "CCC" by Standard & Poor's or an equivalent rating from another nationally recognized statistical rating organization, and are therefore below investment grade. Bank loans include assignments of and participations in performing and non-performing senior corporate debt generally acquired through primary bank syndications and in secondary markets. They consist of, but are not limited to, term loans, the funded and unfunded portions of revolving credit facilities, and similar loans and investments. Bank loan participations are measured at fair value pursuant to the Company's election of the fair value option, and changes in unrealized gains and losses in bank loan participations are reported in our income statement as net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments. At June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the fair market value of these securities was \$158.9 million and \$142.4 million, respectively.

For the six months ended June 30, 2025, the Company recognized net realized and unrealized investment losses of \$1.7 million (\$352,000 of net realized and unrealized investment losses for the three months ended June 30, 2025), including \$767,000 of net unrealized gains on bank loan participations, \$68,000 of net unrealized gains for the change in the fair value of equity securities, \$2.8 million of net realized investment losses on the sale of bank loan participations, \$245,000 of net realized investment gains on the sale of equity securities, and \$25,000 of net realized investment gains on the sale of fixed maturity securities.

For the six months ended June 30, 2024, the Company recognized net realized and unrealized investment gains of \$2.3 million (\$2.3 million of net realized and unrealized losses for the three months ended June 30, 2024), including \$394,000 of net unrealized losses on bank loan participations, \$3.1 million of net unrealized gains for the change in the fair value of equity securities, \$730,000 of net realized investment losses on the sale of bank loan participations, \$1.4 million of net realized investment gains on the sale of equity securities, and \$1.1 million of net realized investment losses on the sale of fixed maturity securities.

In conjunction with its outside investment managers, the Company performs quarterly reviews of all securities within its investment portfolio to determine whether any impairment has occurred. As a result of this review, management concluded that there were no credit-related impairments of fixed maturity securities at June 30, 2025, December 31, 2024, or June 30, 2024. At June 30, 2025, 100.0% of the Company's fixed maturity security portfolio was rated "BBB-" or better ("investment grade") by Standard & Poor's or received an equivalent rating from another nationally recognized rating agency. Management does not intend to sell available-for-sale securities in an unrealized loss position, and it is not "more likely than not" that the Company will be required to sell these securities before a recovery in their value to their amortized cost basis occurs.

The amortized cost and fair value of our available-for-sale fixed maturity securities were as follows:

	June 30, 2025			December 31, 2024		
	Cost or Amortized Cost	Fair Value	% of Total Fair Value	Cost or Amortized Cost	Fair Value	% of Total Fair Value
<i>(\$ in thousands)</i>						
Fixed maturity securities, available-for-sale:						
State and municipal	\$ 222,687	\$ 199,490	15.3 %	\$ 223,009	\$ 196,564	16.5 %
Residential mortgage-backed	415,523	397,110	30.5 %	352,064	326,227	27.4 %
Corporate	545,680	528,508	40.7 %	503,610	475,485	40.0 %
Commercial mortgage and asset-backed	162,123	156,817	12.1 %	178,238	170,458	14.3 %
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations guaranteed by the U.S. government	18,442	18,292	1.4 %	21,416	20,999	1.8 %
Total fixed maturity securities, available-for-sale	<u>\$ 1,364,455</u>	<u>\$ 1,300,217</u>	<u>100.0 %</u>	<u>\$ 1,278,337</u>	<u>\$ 1,189,733</u>	<u>100.0 %</u>

The following table sets forth the composition of the Company's portfolio of available-for-sale fixed maturity securities by rating as of June 30, 2025:

Standard & Poor's or Equivalent Designation	Fair Value	% of Total
<i>(\$ in thousands)</i>		
AAA	\$ 190,760	14.7 %
AA	596,245	45.9 %
A	377,282	28.9 %
BBB	135,930	10.5 %
Total	<u>\$ 1,300,217</u>	<u>100.0 %</u>

The amortized cost and fair value of our available-for-sale investments in fixed maturity securities summarized by contractual maturity are as follows:

	June 30, 2025		
	Amortized Cost	Fair Value	% of Total Value
<i>(\$ in thousands)</i>			
Due in:			
One year or less	\$ 31,869	\$ 31,588	2.4 %
After one year through five years	392,344	385,220	29.6 %
After five years through ten years	217,668	205,185	15.8 %
After ten years	144,928	124,297	9.6 %
Residential mortgage-backed	415,523	397,110	30.5 %
Commercial mortgage and asset-backed	162,123	156,817	12.1 %
Total	\$ 1,364,455	\$ 1,300,217	100.0 %

Other Income and Expense

Other income and (expense) included the following:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
<i>(\$ in thousands)</i>				
Non-operating expenses	\$ (1,008)	\$ (2,098)	\$ (1,571)	\$ (2,830)
Broker incentive rebates - Excess and Surplus Lines	1,163	993	1,998	1,701
Other miscellaneous income	79	200	162	403
Other income and (expense)	\$ 234	\$ (905)	\$ 589	\$ (726)

The non-operating expenses above primarily consist of legal and other professional fees and other expenses related to various strategic initiatives and litigation that the Company is involved in.

Interest Expense

Interest expense was \$5.8 million and \$11.3 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively (\$6.3 million and \$12.8 million in the respective prior year periods). The lower expense in the current year periods is primarily attributable to lower interest rates. See “—Liquidity and Capital Resources—Sources and Uses of Funds” for more information regarding our senior bank debt facilities and trust preferred securities.

Amortization of Intangibles and Impairment of Intangible Assets

The Company recorded \$91,000 of amortization of intangible assets in each of the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 (\$182,000 in each of the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024).

Income Tax Expense

Our effective tax rate fluctuates from period to period based on the relative mix of income from continuing operations reported by country and the respective tax rates imposed by each tax jurisdiction. Statutory tax rates are 0% and 21% for Bermuda and the U.S. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, our effective tax rate on income from continuing operations was 30.1% and 31.0%, respectively (28.3% and 28.5% in the respective prior year periods). The Company does not receive a U.S. tax deduction for losses at JRG Holdings, our only Bermuda entity. JRG Holdings had losses in all periods presented primarily due to holding company expenses and interest expense. For U.S.-sourced income, the Company’s U.S. federal income tax expense differs from the amounts computed by applying the federal statutory income tax rate to income before taxes due primarily to interest income on tax-advantaged state and municipal securities, dividends received income, and excess tax benefits and expenses on share based compensation.

Reserves

An indicator of reserve strength that we monitor is the percentage of our gross and net loss reserves that are comprised of incurred but not reported (“IBNR”) reserves.

The Company's gross reserve for losses and loss adjustment expenses at June 30, 2025 was \$3,076.5 million. Of this amount, 74.4% relates to amounts that are IBNR. This amount was 73.3% at December 31, 2024. The Company's gross reserves for losses and loss adjustment expenses by segment are summarized as follows:

	Gross Reserves at June 30, 2025		
	Case	IBNR	Total
	(\$ in thousands)		
Excess and Surplus Lines	\$ 435,091	\$ 1,821,392	\$ 2,256,483
Specialty Admitted Insurance	352,404	467,611	820,015
Total	\$ 787,495	\$ 2,289,003	\$ 3,076,498

At June 30, 2025, the amount of net reserves (prior to the \$1.5 million allowance for uncollectible reinsurance recoverables) of \$1,089.2 million that related to IBNR was 64.1%. This amount was 63.5% at December 31, 2024. The Company's net reserves for losses and loss adjustment expenses by segment are summarized as follows:

	Net Reserves at June 30, 2025		
	Case	IBNR	Total
	(\$ in thousands)		
Excess and Surplus Lines	\$ 335,232	\$ 620,511	\$ 955,743
Specialty Admitted Insurance	56,290	77,148	133,438
Total	\$ 391,522	\$ 697,659	\$ 1,089,181

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Sources and Uses of Funds

Our sources of funds consist primarily of premiums written, investment income, reinsurance recoveries, proceeds from sales and redemptions of investments, borrowings on our credit facilities, and the issuance of common shares and Series A Preferred Shares. We use operating cash flows primarily to pay operating expenses, losses and loss adjustment expenses, reinsurance premiums, and income taxes. Cash flow from operations may differ substantially from net income. The potential for a large claim under an insurance contract means that substantial and unpredictable payments may need to be made within relatively short periods of time.

The following table summarizes our cash flows:

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024
	(\$ in thousands)	
Cash and cash equivalents provided by (used in):		
Operating activities (excluding restricted cash equivalents)	\$ (26,926)	\$ 59,883
Investing activities	(133,699)	356,628
Financing activities	18,321	(31,488)
Change in cash and cash equivalents	(142,304)	385,023
Change in restricted cash equivalents (operating activities)	616	(44,486)
Change in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash equivalents	\$ (141,688)	\$ 340,537

Cash used in operating activities excluding restricted cash equivalents was \$26.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025. This compares to cash provided by operating activities excluding restricted cash equivalents of \$59.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024 (including cash provided by operating activities from continuing operations excluding restricted cash equivalents of \$85.0 million and cash used in operating activities of discontinued operations of \$25.1 million). The current year operating activities were impacted by timing of reinsurance settlements during the first quarter and lower premium collections in the Specialty Admitted Insurance segment due to the non-renewal of several programs.

Cash used in investing activities of \$133.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 reflects efforts to enhance the yield in our investment portfolio by investing available cash and cash equivalents into higher yielding investments. Cash provided by investing activities of \$356.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024 included \$96.4 million of proceeds received from the sale of JRG Re (net of JRG Re's cash balances sold) and \$198.0 million of proceeds from the sales of fixed maturities to provide funding for the premium due under the E&S ADC agreement. Cash and cash equivalents excluding

restricted cash equivalents comprised 11.4% and 31.1% of total cash and invested assets at June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively. Cash used in investing activities from continuing operations was \$197.1 million and cash provided by investing activities of discontinued operations was \$63.1 million in the prior year period.

Cash provided by financing activities of \$18.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 includes a \$25.0 million borrowing under the Previous Credit Agreement (as defined below), \$1.1 million of issuance costs paid upon the Company's entry into the Credit Agreement (as defined below), \$1.1 million of dividends paid to common shareholders, \$3.9 million of dividends paid on the Series A Preferred Shares, and \$550,000 of payroll taxes withheld and remitted on net settlement of RSUs. Cash used in financing activities of \$31.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024 includes a \$21.5 million repayment of an unsecured loan, \$3.9 million of dividends paid to common shareholders, \$5.3 million of dividends paid on the Series A Preferred Shares, and \$837,000 of payroll taxes withheld and remitted on net settlement of RSUs.

The activity in restricted cash equivalents for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 relates to a former insured, per the terms of a collateral trust. See *Amounts Recoverable from an Indemnifying Party and Reinsurer on Legacy Commercial Auto Book* below.

Dividends

We are organized as a Bermuda holding company with our operations conducted by our wholly-owned subsidiaries. Accordingly, our holding company may receive cash through loans from banks, issuance of equity and debt securities, corporate service fees or dividends received from our subsidiaries and/or other transactions. Our U.S. holding company may receive cash in a similar manner and also through payments from our subsidiaries pursuant to our U.S. consolidated tax allocation agreement.

The payment of dividends by our subsidiaries to us is limited by statute. In general, the laws and regulations applicable to our domestic insurance subsidiaries limit the aggregate amount of dividends or other distributions that they may declare or pay within any 12-month period without advance regulatory approval. Generally, the limitations are based on the greater of statutory net income for the preceding year or 10.0% of statutory surplus at the end of the preceding year. In addition, insurance regulators have broad powers to prevent reduction of statutory surplus to inadequate levels and could refuse to permit the payment of dividends calculated under any applicable formula. See "Item 1. Business—U.S. Insurance Regulation—State Regulation" in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024 for additional information. The maximum amount of dividends available to the U.S. holding company from our U.S. insurance subsidiaries during 2025 without regulatory approval is \$64.3 million.

Holders of the Series A Preferred Shares are entitled to a dividend at the rate of 7% of the \$1,000 liquidation preference per share (the "Liquidation Preference") per annum, paid in cash, in-kind in common shares or in Series A Preferred Shares, at our election. On October 1, 2029, and each five-year anniversary thereafter, the dividend rate will reset to a rate equal to the five-year U.S. treasury rate plus 5.2%, provided that the dividend rate shall not exceed 8.0%. Dividends accrue and are payable quarterly. Cash dividends of \$3.9 million and \$5.3 million were paid in the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

At June 30, 2025, the Bermuda holding company had \$20.8 million of cash and cash equivalents. The U.S. holding company had \$8.9 million of cash and invested assets, comprised of cash and cash equivalents of \$5.3 million, equities of \$3.1 million and other invested assets of \$464,000, which are not subject to regulatory restrictions. Additionally, our U.K. intermediate holding company had no invested assets and cash of less than ten thousand dollars at June 30, 2025.

Credit Agreements

On June 12, 2025, JRG Holdings entered into a Credit Agreement (the "Credit Agreement"). The Credit Agreement replaced JRG Holdings' previous Third Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated as of July 7, 2023, as amended (the "Previous Credit Agreement"), that provided for a \$212.5 million unsecured revolving credit facility and a \$45.0 million secured revolving credit facility.

The Credit Agreement provides for a \$212.5 million unsecured revolving credit facility available for general corporate purposes and matures on June 12, 2028. Following the sale of JRG Re, the Company no longer has a need for the secured revolving credit facility provided by the Previous Credit Agreement. The interest rates applicable to the loans under the Credit Agreement are generally based on SOFR plus a specified margin based on the Company's Leverage Ratio (as defined in the Credit Agreement). In addition, JRG Holdings will pay an unused facility fee on each lender's commitment.

At June 30, 2025, JRG Holdings had a drawn balance of \$210.8 million outstanding on the unsecured revolver of the Credit Agreement, including \$25.0 million previously borrowed on January 27, 2025 under the Previous Credit Agreement which was contributed to our regulated insurance entities.

The Credit Agreement provides for an accordion feature that permits JRG Holdings to request that one or more lenders (without the consent of the other lenders) or new financial institutions (with the consent of the Administrative Agent) provide it with increases in the credit facility of up to an aggregate of \$30.0 million, subject to satisfaction of certain conditions.

The Credit Agreement contains customary representations and warranties, affirmative and negative covenants and events of default. The Credit Agreement also includes financial covenants, including a maximum leverage ratio and minimum consolidated net worth, risk-based capital ratio and financial strength rating requirements with which the Company was in compliance at June 30, 2025.

In connection with the Credit Agreement, James River Group Holdings UK Limited (“James River UK”), a private limited company incorporated under the Laws of England and Wales and a direct wholly owned subsidiary of JRG Holdings, and James River Group, Inc. (“James River Group”), a Delaware corporation and an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of JRG Holdings, each entered into a Continuing Guaranty of Payment dated June 12, 2025 (each, a “Payment Guaranty”). Pursuant to its respective Payment Guaranty, each of James River UK and James River Group guarantees the payment and performance of the obligations of JRG Holdings under the Credit Agreement and other loan documents.

Senior Debt and Trust Preferred Securities

On May 26, 2004, we issued \$15.0 million of senior debt due April 29, 2034. The senior debt is not redeemable by the holder or subject to sinking fund requirements. Interest accrues quarterly and is payable in arrears at a floating rate per annum equal to the 3-month SOFR plus 4.11%. This senior debt is redeemable at par prior to its stated maturity at our option in whole or in part. The terms of the senior debt contain certain covenants, with which we are in compliance at June 30, 2025, and which, among other things, restrict our ability to issue senior indebtedness secured by our U.S. holding company’s common stock or its subsidiaries’ capital stock or to issue shares of its subsidiaries’ capital stock.

From May 2004 through January 2008, we sold trust preferred securities through five Delaware statutory trusts sponsored and wholly-owned by the Company or its subsidiaries. Each trust used the net proceeds from the sale of its trust preferred securities to purchase our floating-rate junior subordinated debt.

The following table summarizes the nature and terms of the junior subordinated debt and trust preferred securities outstanding at June 30, 2025 (including the Company’s repurchases of a portion of these trust preferred securities):

	James River Capital Trust I	James River Capital Trust II	James River Capital Trust III	James River Capital Trust IV	Franklin Holdings II (Bermuda) Capital Trust I
	<i>(\$ in thousands)</i>				
Issue date	May 26, 2004	December 15, 2004	June 15, 2006	December 11, 2007	January 10, 2008
Principal amount of trust preferred securities	\$7,000	\$15,000	\$20,000	\$54,000	\$30,000
Principal amount of junior subordinated debt	\$7,217	\$15,464	\$20,619	\$55,670	\$30,928
Carrying amount of junior subordinated debt net of repurchases	\$7,217	\$15,464	\$20,619	\$44,827	\$15,928
Maturity date of junior subordinated debt, unless accelerated earlier	May 24, 2034	December 15, 2034	June 15, 2036	December 15, 2037	March 15, 2038
Trust common stock	\$217	\$464	\$619	\$1,670	\$928
Interest rate, per annum	Three-Month SOFR plus 4.3%	Three-Month SOFR plus 3.7%	Three-Month SOFR plus 3.3%	Three-Month SOFR plus 3.4%	Three-Month SOFR plus 4.3%

All of the junior subordinated debt is currently redeemable at 100.0% of the unpaid principal amount at our option.

The junior subordinated debt contains certain covenants with which we are in compliance as of June 30, 2025.

At June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company's leverage ratio was 28.5% and 26.6%, respectively. The leverage ratio is defined in the Credit Agreement as the ratio of adjusted consolidated debt to total capital. Adjusted consolidated debt treats trust preferred securities as equity capital up to 15% of total capital. The Series A Preferred Shares represent equity capital for purposes of the leverage ratio calculation under the credit agreements. Total capital is defined as total debt plus tangible equity excluding accumulated other comprehensive income. The maximum leverage ratio permitted by the agreements is 35.0%.

James River Insurance has access to certain credit products including advances through its membership in the Federal Home Loan Bank. Any advances would be in the form of collateralized short-term borrowings not to exceed 30% of the Company's total assets.

Ceded Reinsurance

Our insurance segments enter into reinsurance contracts to limit our exposure to potential losses arising from large risks, to protect against the aggregation of several risks in a common loss occurrence, and to provide additional capacity for growth. Our reinsurance is contracted under excess of loss and proportional quota share reinsurance contracts. In excess of loss reinsurance, the reinsurer agrees to assume all or a portion of the ceding company's losses in excess of a specified amount. The premiums payable to the reinsurer are negotiated by the parties based on their assessment of the amount of risk being ceded to the reinsurer because the reinsurer does not share proportionately in the ceding company's losses. In proportional quota share reinsurance, the reinsurer agrees to assume a specified percentage of the ceding company's losses arising out of a defined class of business in exchange for a corresponding percentage of premiums. The Company also utilizes facultative reinsurance to reduce the amount of exposure it retains on individual accounts according to its guidelines for accepting risk across various industry segments, locations and types of exposure. For the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, our net premium retention was 45.2% and 43.0%, respectively.

The following is a summary of our Excess and Surplus Lines segment's ceded reinsurance in place as of June 30, 2025:

Line of Business	Company Retention
Casualty	
Specialty Casualty	Up to \$3.2 million per occurrence. ⁽¹⁾
Primary Casualty	Up to \$1.38 million per occurrence. ⁽²⁾
Excess Casualty	Up to \$1.98 million per occurrence.
Property	
Excess Property	Up to \$5.0 million per risk. ⁽³⁾

(1) *Excluding Excess Casualty.*

(2) *Total exposure to any one claim is generally \$694,000.*

(3) *The property catastrophe reinsurance treaty has a limit of \$22.0 million per event with one reinstatement.*

We use catastrophe modeling software to analyze the risk of severe losses from hurricanes and earthquakes on our exposure. We utilize the model in our risk selection, pricing, and to manage our overall portfolio probable maximum loss ("PML") accumulations. A PML is an estimate of the amount we would expect to pay in any one catastrophe event within a given annual probability of occurrence (i.e. a return period or loss exceedance probability).

In our Excess and Surplus Lines segment, we write a small book of excess property insurance, but we do not write primary property insurance. The Excess and Surplus Lines segment has a specific proportional quota share treaty in effect to cover property risks. The proportional quota share treaty along with facultative reinsurance helps ensure that our net retained limit per risk will be \$5.0 million or less.

Also in our Excess and Surplus Lines segment, a specialty casualty treaty providing \$9.0 million in excess of \$2.0 million coverage is subject to reinstatement premiums for treaty years spanning July 1, 2017 through July 1, 2022.

Based upon the property catastrophe modeling of our Excess and Surplus Lines and Specialty Admitted segments, it would take an event greater than the 1 in 1,000 year PML to exhaust our \$22.0 million property catastrophe reinsurance. In the event of a catastrophe loss exhausting our \$22.0 million property catastrophe reinsurance, we estimate our pre-tax cost would not exceed 2.5% of shareholders' equity, including reinstatement premiums and net retentions. In addition to this retention, we would retain any losses in excess of our reinsurance coverage limits.

The Commercial Auto LPT with Aleka reinsures substantially all of the Excess and Surplus Lines segment's legacy portfolio of commercial auto policies previously issued to Rasier. See "*Amounts Recoverable from an Indemnifying Party and Reinsurer on Legacy Commercial Auto Book*" below for further information on this reinsurance agreement.

The E&S ADC with State National applies to James River's Excess & Surplus Lines segment casualty portfolio losses attaching to premium earned during 2010-2023 (both years inclusive), excluding, among others, losses related to commercial auto policies issued to a former large insured or its affiliates. See "*Combined Loss Portfolio Transfer and Adverse Development Cover*" above for further information on this reinsurance agreement.

The E&S Top Up ADC with Enstar, through its subsidiary Cavello Bay Reinsurance Limited, reinsures 100% of the losses associated with James River's Excess & Surplus Lines segment portfolio losses attaching to premium earned during 2010-2023 (both years inclusive). This agreement excludes losses related to commercial auto policies issued to a former large insured or its affiliates. It is subject to a retention by James River of \$1,183.7 million (the limit of the E&S ADC) and up to an aggregate limit of \$75.0 million. See "*Enstar Strategic Partnership*" above for further information on this reinsurance agreement.

The following is a summary of our Specialty Admitted Insurance segment's ceded reinsurance in place as of June 30, 2025:

Line of Business	Coverage
Casualty	
Auto Programs	All programs are quota share coverage for 100% of limits up to \$1.0 million liability and \$1.0 million physical damage per occurrence; except for one program with a primary limit of \$750,000 liability.
General Liability & Professional Liability – Programs	Quota share coverage for 100% of limits up to \$2.0 million per occurrence.
Umbrella and Excess Casualty - Programs	Quota share coverage for 100% of limits up to \$10.0 million per occurrence, and 100% of excess of loss coverage for limits up to \$5.0 million in excess of \$10.0 million.
Property	
Property within Package - Programs	Quota share coverage for 100% of limits up to \$40.0 million per risk.
Aviation Programs	Quota share coverage for 82.5% of limits up to \$25.0 million liability, \$5.0 million hull, and \$5.0 million spares per occurrence, each aircraft; and excess of loss coverage for up to \$7.7 million excess of \$175,000 of our 17.5% share of the quota share each occurrence.

Our Specialty Admitted Insurance segment purchases reinsurance for at least 62.5% of the exposed limits on specialty admitted property-casualty business. While the segment focuses on casualty business, incidental property risk is incurred in the fronting and program business. The segment is covered for \$22.0 million in excess of \$3.0 million per occurrence to manage its property exposure to an approximate 1 in 1,000 year PML.

In the aggregate, we believe our pre-tax group-wide PML from a 1 in 1,000 year property catastrophe event would not exceed 2.5% of shareholders' equity, inclusive of reinstatement premiums payable.

The Company's insurance segments remain liable to policyholders if its reinsurers are unable to meet their contractual obligations under applicable reinsurance agreements. We establish an allowance for credit losses for our current estimate of uncollectible reinsurance recoverables. At June 30, 2025, the allowance for credit losses on reinsurance recoverables was \$1.5 million. To minimize exposure to significant losses from reinsurance insolvencies, the Company evaluates the financial condition of its reinsurers and monitors concentrations of credit risk. The Company generally seeks to purchase reinsurance from reinsurers with A.M. Best financial strength ratings of "A-" (Excellent) or better. The Company's reinsurance contracts generally require reinsurers that are not authorized as reinsurers under U.S. state insurance regulations or that experience rating downgrades from rating agencies below specified levels to fund their share of the Company's ceded outstanding losses and loss adjustment expense reserves, typically through the use of irrevocable and unconditional letters of credit. In fronting arrangements, which the Company conducts through its Specialty Admitted Insurance segment, we are subject to credit risk with regard to insurance companies who act as reinsurers for us in such arrangements. We require collateral, in the form of a trust arrangement or letter of credit, to secure the obligations of the insurance entity for whom we are fronting.

At June 30, 2025, we had reinsurance recoverables on unpaid losses of \$1,985.8 million (net of a \$1.5 million allowance for credit losses) and reinsurance recoverables on paid losses of \$123.0 million, and all material recoverable amounts were from companies with A.M. Best ratings of "A-" (Excellent) or better, or are collateralized by the reinsurer for our benefit through letters of credit or funds on deposit in trust accounts.

Amounts Recoverable from an Indemnifying Party and Reinsurer on Legacy Commercial Auto Book

James River previously issued a set of commercial auto insurance contracts (the "Rasier Commercial Auto Policies") to Rasier under which James River pays losses and loss adjustment expenses on the contracts. James River has indemnity agreements with Rasier (non-insurance entities) (collectively, the "Indemnity Agreements") and is contractually entitled to reimbursement for the portion of the losses and loss adjustment expenses paid on behalf of Rasier under the Rasier Commercial Auto Policies and other expenses incurred by James River. In addition, on September 27, 2021, James River entered into the Commercial Auto LPT with Aleka to reinsure substantially all of the Rasier Commercial Auto Policies for which James River is not otherwise indemnified by Rasier under the Indemnity Agreements.

Each of Rasier and Aleka are required to post collateral equal to 102% of James River's estimate of the respective party's obligations in trusts pursuant to the terms of the Indemnity Agreements and the Commercial Auto LPT, respectively. At June 30, 2025, the total balance of collateral securing Rasier's obligations under the Indemnity Agreements was \$55.3 million

and Aleka's obligations under the Commercial Auto LPT was \$26.5 million. At June 30, 2025, the total reinsurance recoverables under the Commercial Auto LPT was \$24.1 million.

While the Commercial Auto LPT brings economic finality to substantially all of the Rasier Commercial Auto Policies, the Company has credit exposure to Rasier and Aleka under the Indemnity Agreements and the Commercial Auto LPT if the estimated losses and expenses of the Rasier Commercial Auto Policies grow at a faster pace than the growth in our collateral balances. In addition, we have credit exposure if our estimates of future losses and loss adjustment expenses and other amounts recoverable under the Indemnity Agreements and the Commercial Auto LPT, which are the basis for establishing the collateral balances, are lower than actual amounts paid or payable. The amount of our credit exposure in any of these instances could be material. To mitigate these risks, we closely and frequently monitor our exposure compared to our collateral held, and we request additional collateral in accordance with the terms of the Commercial Auto LPT and Indemnity Agreements when our analysis indicates that we have uncollateralized exposure.

Ratings

The A.M. Best Company financial strength rating for our U.S. insurance subsidiaries is "A-" (Excellent) with a negative outlook. This rating reflects A.M. Best's opinion of our insurance subsidiaries' financial strength, operating performance and ability to meet obligations to policyholders and is not an evaluation directed towards the protection of investors. The A- rating is the fourth highest rating of the thirteen ratings issued by A.M. Best and is assigned to insurers that have, in A.M. Best's opinion, an excellent ability to meet their ongoing obligations to policyholders.

The financial strength ratings assigned by A.M. Best have an impact on the ability of our regulated subsidiaries to attract and retain agents and brokers and on the risk profiles of the submissions for insurance that our subsidiaries receive. We believe the "A-" (Excellent) ratings assigned to our U.S. insurance subsidiaries allow our subsidiaries to actively pursue relationships with the agents and brokers identified in their marketing plans.

Series A Preferred Shares

The Company closed on the issuance and sale of 150,000 Series A Preferred Shares on March 1, 2022 for an aggregate purchase price of \$150.0 million, or \$1,000 per share, in a private placement. The Series A Preferred Shares are convertible into the Company's common shares at the option of the holder at any time, or at the Company's option under certain circumstances. Dividends on the Series A Preferred Shares accrue quarterly at the rate of 7% of the Liquidation Preference per annum, which may be paid in cash, in-kind in common shares or in Series A Preferred Shares, at the Company's election.

On November 11, 2024, the Company amended the Certificate of Designations setting forth the terms of the Series A Preferred Shares to, among other things, convert 37,500 outstanding Series A Preferred Shares with a liquidation value of \$37.5 million to common shares at a per share price of \$6.40. Following the conversion, 112,500 Series A Preferred Shares remain outstanding.

EQUITY

Total common shares outstanding increased from 45,644,318 at December 31, 2024 to 45,895,335 at June 30, 2025, reflecting 251,017 common shares issued in the six months ended June 30, 2025 related to vesting of RSUs.

Share Based Compensation Expense

The Company recognized \$834,000 and \$3.5 million of share based compensation expense in the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively (\$1.6 million and \$4.2 million in the respective prior year periods). As of June 30, 2025, the Company had \$6.9 million of unrecognized share based compensation expense expected to be charged to earnings over a weighted-average period of 2.0 years.

Equity Incentive Plans**RSUs**

The following table summarizes RSU activity:

	Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2025		2024	
	Shares	Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value	Shares	Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value
Unvested, beginning of period	885,173	\$ 15.30	751,254	\$ 23.48
Granted	1,321,733	\$ 3.68	537,060	\$ 9.76
Vested	(362,216)	\$ 18.00	(268,993)	\$ 25.11
Forfeited	(121,369)	\$ 6.50	(76,305)	\$ 15.56
Unvested, end of period	<u>1,723,321</u>	\$ 6.44	<u>943,016</u>	\$ 15.84

Outstanding RSUs granted to employees generally vest ratably over a three-year vesting period in the case of time-vest RSUs and cliff vest at the end of a three-year performance period in the case of PRSUs. RSUs granted to non-employee directors generally have a one year vesting period. The RSUs granted in 2025 and 2024 include 620,108 and 231,492 PRSU awards, respectively. Initial PRSU awards are granted at the 100% target performance level. The Company projects the level of achievement for each award during the performance period and periodically adjusts the number of outstanding awards to reflect the number of awards expected to vest.

Options

At December 31, 2023, the Company had 74,390 options outstanding with an average weighted exercise price of \$42.17. The options lapsed in the six months ended June 30, 2024, after which, there have been no options outstanding.

Underwriting Performance Ratios

The following table provides the underwriting performance ratios of the Company's continuing operations inclusive of the business subject to retroactive reinsurance accounting. There is no economic impact to the Company over the life of a retroactive reinsurance contract so long as any additional losses subject to the contract are within the limit of the contract and the counterparty performs under the contract. Retroactive reinsurance accounting is not indicative of our current and ongoing operations. Management believes that providing loss ratios and combined ratios on business not subject to retroactive reinsurance accounting gives the users of our financial statements useful information in evaluating our current and ongoing operations.

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Excess and Surplus Lines:				
Loss Ratio	66.4 %	72.3 %	65.6 %	68.2 %
Impact of retroactive reinsurance	6.5 %	(2.6)%	2.6 %	(2.7)%
Loss Ratio including impact of retroactive reinsurance	72.9 %	69.7 %	68.2 %	65.5 %
Combined Ratio	91.7 %	95.4 %	91.6 %	91.3 %
Impact of retroactive reinsurance	6.5 %	(2.6)%	2.6 %	(2.7)%
Combined Ratio including impact of retroactive reinsurance	98.2 %	92.8 %	94.2 %	88.6 %
Consolidated:				
Loss Ratio	68.1 %	73.0 %	67.4 %	69.6 %
Impact of retroactive reinsurance	6.1 %	(2.3)%	2.4 %	(2.3)%
Loss Ratio including impact of retroactive reinsurance	74.2 %	70.7 %	69.8 %	67.3 %
Combined Ratio	98.6 %	99.3 %	99.1 %	97.2 %
Impact of retroactive reinsurance	6.1 %	(2.3)%	2.4 %	(2.3)%
Combined Ratio including impact of retroactive reinsurance	104.7 %	97.0 %	101.5 %	94.9 %

RECONCILIATION OF NON-GAAP MEASURES

See “Key Metrics” above for descriptions of why management believes the following Non-GAAP measures provide useful information about our financial condition and results of operation.

Reconciliation of Underwriting Profit

We define underwriting profit as net earned premiums and gross fee income (in specific instances when the Company is not retaining insurance risk) less losses and loss adjustment expenses on business from continuing operations not subject to retroactive reinsurance accounting and other operating expenses. Other operating expenses include the underwriting, acquisition, and insurance expenses of the operating segments and, for consolidated underwriting profit, the expenses of the Corporate and Other segment. Our definition of underwriting profit may not be comparable to that of other companies.

The following table reconciles the underwriting profit of the operating segments by individual segment to consolidated income from continuing operations before income taxes:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	<i>(in thousands)</i>			
Underwriting profit (loss) of the operating segments:				
Excess and Surplus Lines	\$ 11,707	\$ 6,427	\$ 23,365	\$ 24,918
Specialty Admitted Insurance	(1,421)	3,416	(1,727)	4,202
Total underwriting profit of operating segments	10,286	9,843	21,638	29,120
Other operating expenses of the Corporate and Other segment	(8,222)	(8,624)	(18,853)	(19,761)
Underwriting profit (1)	2,064	1,219	2,785	9,359
Losses and loss adjustment expenses - retroactive reinsurance	(9,239)	3,684	(7,311)	7,686
Net investment income	20,516	24,931	40,524	47,563
Net realized and unrealized (losses) gains on investments	(352)	(2,305)	(1,723)	2,278
Other income and expenses	234	(905)	589	(726)
Interest expense	(5,805)	(6,344)	(11,346)	(12,829)
Amortization of intangible assets	(91)	(91)	(182)	(182)
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	\$ 7,327	\$ 20,189	\$ 23,336	\$ 53,149

(1) Included in underwriting results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 is gross fee income of \$3.9 million and \$8.3 million, respectively (\$5.6 million and \$10.9 million in the respective prior year periods).

Reconciliation of Adjusted Net Operating Income

Adjusted net operating income is defined as income available to common shareholders excluding a) income (loss) from discontinued operations, b) the impact of retroactive reinsurance accounting, c) net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments, d) certain non-operating expenses such as professional service fees related to certain lawsuits, various strategic initiatives, and the filing of registration statements for the offering of securities, e) severance costs associated with terminated employees, and f) deemed dividends recorded with the amendment of the Series A Preferred Shares. Adjusted net operating income should not be viewed as a substitute for net income calculated in accordance with GAAP, and our definition of adjusted net operating income may not be comparable to that of other companies.

Our income available to common shareholders reconciles to our adjusted net operating income as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,			
	2025		2024	
	Income Before Taxes	Net Income	Income Before Taxes	Net Income
	(\$ in thousands)			
Income available to common shareholders	\$ 4,997	\$ 2,790	\$ 10,711	\$ 5,000
Loss from discontinued operations	361	361	6,853	6,853
Losses and loss adjustment expenses - retroactive reinsurance	9,239	7,299	(3,684)	(2,910)
Net realized and unrealized investment losses (gains)	352	278	2,305	1,821
Other expenses	1,008	965	2,098	1,900
Adjusted net operating income	<u>\$ 15,957</u>	<u>\$ 11,693</u>	<u>\$ 18,283</u>	<u>\$ 12,664</u>

	Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2025		2024	
	Income Before Taxes	Net Income	Income Before Taxes	Net Income
	(\$ in thousands)			
Income available to common shareholders	\$ 17,623	\$ 10,395	\$ 32,941	\$ 17,778
Loss from discontinued operations	1,775	1,775	14,958	14,958
Losses and loss adjustment expenses - retroactive reinsurance	7,311	5,776	(7,686)	(6,072)
Net realized and unrealized investment losses (gains)	1,723	1,361	(2,278)	(1,800)
Other expenses	1,571	1,488	2,830	2,632
Adjusted net operating income	<u>\$ 30,003</u>	<u>\$ 20,795</u>	<u>\$ 40,765</u>	<u>\$ 27,496</u>

Tangible Equity (per Share) and Tangible Common Equity (per Share)

Tangible equity is defined as shareholders' equity plus mezzanine Series A Preferred Shares and the deferred retroactive reinsurance gain less goodwill and intangible assets, net of amortization. Tangible equity per share represents tangible equity divided by the sum of total common shares outstanding plus the common shares resulting from an assumed conversion of the outstanding Series A Preferred Shares into common shares (at the conversion price effective as of the last day of the applicable period). Tangible common equity is defined as shareholders' equity plus the deferred retroactive reinsurance gain less goodwill and intangible assets, net of amortization. Tangible common equity per share represents tangible common equity divided by the total common shares outstanding. Our definitions of tangible equity, tangible equity per share, tangible common equity and tangible common equity per share may not be comparable to that of other companies, and they should not be viewed as a substitute for shareholders' equity and shareholders' equity per share calculated in accordance with GAAP.

The following table reconciles shareholders' equity to tangible common equity as of June 30, 2025, December 31, 2024, and June 30, 2024:

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024	June 30, 2024
<i>(\$ in thousands, except share amounts)</i>			
Shareholders' equity	\$ 492,558	\$ 460,915	\$ 541,791
Plus: Series A redeemable preferred shares	133,115	133,115	144,898
Plus: Deferred reinsurance gain	65,281	57,970	13,047
Less: Goodwill	181,831	181,831	181,831
Less: Intangible assets, net	32,268	32,450	32,631
Tangible equity	476,855	437,719	485,274
Less: Series A redeemable preferred shares	133,115	133,115	144,898
Tangible common equity	\$ 343,740	\$ 304,604	\$ 340,376
Common shares outstanding	45,895,335	45,644,318	37,825,767
Common shares from assumed conversion of Series A Preferred Shares	13,521,634	13,521,634	6,848,763
Common shares outstanding after assumed conversion of Series A Preferred Shares	59,416,969	59,165,952	44,674,530
Equity per share:			
Shareholders' equity	\$ 10.73	\$ 10.10	\$ 14.32
Tangible equity	\$ 8.03	\$ 7.40	\$ 10.86
Tangible common equity	\$ 7.49	\$ 6.67	\$ 9.00

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Market risk is the risk of economic losses due to adverse changes in the estimated fair value of a financial instrument as the result of changes in equity prices, interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates and commodity prices. Our consolidated balance sheets include assets and liabilities with estimated fair values that are subject to market risk. Our primary market risks have been interest rate risk associated with investments in fixed maturities and equity price risk associated with investments in equity securities. We do not have material exposure to foreign currency exchange rate risk or commodity risk.

There have been no material changes in market risk from the information provided in Item 7A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports we file or submit under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”) is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC’s rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer (“CEO”) and Chief Financial Officer (“CFO”), as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. In connection with the preparation of this quarterly report on Form 10-Q, our management carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our CEO and CFO, as of June 30, 2025, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures, as such term is defined under Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act. Based upon this evaluation, our CEO and CFO concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of June 30, 2025.

Changes in Internal Controls over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) that occurred during our quarter ended June 30, 2025 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Inherent Limitations on Effectiveness of Controls

The effectiveness of any system of controls and procedures is subject to certain limitations, and, as a result, there can be no assurance that our controls and procedures will detect all errors or fraud. A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system will be attained.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

The information required with respect to this item can be found under “Contingent Liabilities - Legal Proceedings” in note 8 of the notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements contained in this quarterly report and is incorporated by reference into this Item 1.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes in our risk factors in the quarter ended June 30, 2025 from those disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

None.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other information

None.

Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit Number	Description
10.1*	James River Group Holdings, Ltd. Short-Term Incentive Plan, as amended on April 24, 2025
10.2*	Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated January 15, 2018, by and among James River Group, Inc., certain subsidiaries of James River Group, Inc. and Richard Schmitzer (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.22 to Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on March 1, 2018, Commission File No. 001-36777)
10.3*	Amendment to Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated January 15, 2018, by and among James River Group, Inc., certain subsidiaries of James River Group, Inc. and Richard Schmitzer
10.4+	Credit Agreement, dated as of June 12, 2025, by and among James River Group Holdings, Ltd., KeyBank National Association, as Administrative Agent and Letter of Credit Issuer, KeyBank National Association and Truist Securities, Inc. as Joint Book Runners and Joint Lead Arrangers, Truist Bank as Syndication Agent, and the lender parties thereto (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 on the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 13, 2025; Commission File No. 001-36777)
10.5	Continuing Guaranty of Payment, dated as of June 12, 2025, by James River Group Holdings UK Limited, as Guarantor, pursuant to Credit Agreement dated as of June 12, 2025, among James River Group Holdings, Ltd., KeyBank National Association, as Administrative Agent and Letter of Credit Issuer, KeyBank National Association and Truist Securities, Inc., as Joint Book Runners and Joint Lead Arrangers, Truist Bank as Syndication Agent, and the lender parties thereto (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 on the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 13, 2025; Commission File No. 001-36777)
10.6	Continuing Guaranty of Payment, dated as of June 12, 2025, by James River Group, Inc., as Guarantor, pursuant to Credit Agreement dated as of June 12, 2025, among James River Group Holdings, Ltd., KeyBank National Association, as Administrative Agent and Letter of Credit Issuer, KeyBank National Association and Truist Securities, Inc., as Joint Book Runners and Joint Lead Arrangers, Truist Bank as Syndication Agent, and the lender parties thereto (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 on the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 13, 2025; Commission File No. 001-36777)
31.1	Chief Executive Officer Certification pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a)
31.2	Chief Financial Officer Certification pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a)
32.1	Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File - the cover page XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document in Exhibit 101.

* Denotes a management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

+ Pursuant to Item 601(a)(5) of Regulation S-K, the Schedules to this Exhibit have been omitted. A copy of the omitted schedules will be furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission upon request.

Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

James River Group Holdings, Ltd.

Date: August 5, 2025

By: /s/ Frank N. D'Orazio
Frank N. D'Orazio
Chief Executive Officer and Director
(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: August 5, 2025

By: /s/ Sarah C. Doran
Sarah C. Doran
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

JAMES RIVER GROUP HOLDINGS, LTD.
SHORT-TERM INCENTIVE PLAN
(Effective January 1, 2022)

ARTICLE I. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Purpose. The purposes of the James River Group Holdings, Ltd. Short-Term Incentive Plan (the “Plan”), as set forth herein, are to allow the Company the opportunity to provide incentives to designated key employees to achieve certain performance targets and to link further executive compensation to shareholder results by rewarding competitive and superior performance. In furtherance of those purposes, the Plan is designed to provide short-term incentive compensation to eligible participants, the amount, if any, of which is dependent on the degree of attainment of certain performance goals of the Company over a Performance Period (as defined herein), unless earlier terminated in accordance with the provisions of the Plan.

1.2 Overview. Each award contemplated by the Plan will be comprised of both quantitative and qualitative Performance Criteria (as defined below) and, to the extent earned and vested, will be settled in cash or cash equivalents promptly following the end of a Performance Period.

1.3 Effective Date. This Plan is effective as of January 1, 2022; was approved by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company (the “Compensation Committee”) on July 26, 2022 and by the Board of Directors of the Company (the “Board”) on July 26, 2022; and amended upon the approval of the Committee on February 16, 2023 and on April 24, 2025.

ARTICLE II. DEFINITIONS

Wherever used herein, the masculine pronoun shall be deemed to include the feminine, and the singular to include the plural, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, and the following words and phrases shall, when used herein, have the meanings set forth below:

2.1 “Affiliate” means any corporation that is a Subsidiary of the Company, any limited liability company, partnership, corporation, joint venture, or any other entity in which the Company or any such Subsidiary owns an equity interest.

2.2 “Award” means an award to a Participant to be settled in cash or cash equivalents, subject to being earned and becoming vested, as provided herein.

2.3 “Board” means the Board of Director of the Company or, if applicable, the governing body of any successor entity.

2.4 “Cause” means, except as otherwise provided in an Award or in a Participant’s employment agreement with the Company having the same or similar term in which event such other meaning shall control for Plan purposes, (a) the commission of, or plea of guilty or no contest to, a felony or a crime involving moral turpitude or the commission of any other act involving willful malfeasance or fiduciary breach with respect to the Company or an Affiliate, (b) conduct that results in or is reasonably likely to result in harm to the reputation or business of the Company or any of its Affiliates, (c) gross negligence or willful misconduct with respect to the Company or an Affiliate, (d) the material failure to perform duties, or (e) violation of state or federal securities laws.

2.5 “Change in Control” means, except as otherwise provided in an Award in which event such other meaning shall control for Plan purposes, any of the following: (a) the purchase or other acquisition (other than from the Company), in a single transaction or series of related transactions, by any person, entity, or group of persons, within the meaning of Section 13(d) or 14(d) of the Exchange Act (excluding, for this purpose, the Company or its subsidiaries or any employee benefit plan of the Company or its subsidiaries), of beneficial ownership (within the meaning of Rule 13d-3 promulgated under the Exchange Act) of fifty percent (50%) or more of either the then-outstanding Shares or the combined voting power of the Company’s then-outstanding voting securities entitled to vote generally in the election of directors; (b) consummation of a reorganization, merger, amalgamation, or consolidation involving the Company, in each case with respect to which persons who were the shareholders of the Company immediately prior to such reorganization, merger, amalgamation, or consolidation do not, immediately thereafter, own more than fifty percent (50%) of, respectively, the Shares and the combined voting power entitled to vote generally in the election of directors of the reorganized, merged, amalgamated, or consolidated corporation’s then-outstanding voting securities; or (c) a liquidation or dissolution of the Company, or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, an event described above shall be considered a Change in Control hereunder only if it also constitutes a “change in the ownership or effective control of the corporation or in the ownership of a substantial portion of the assets of the corporation” within the meaning of Section 409A(a)(2)(v) of the Code, to the extent necessary to avoid the adverse tax consequences thereunder with respect to any payment subject to Section 409A of the Code. A Change in Control shall be deemed to occur on the date on which the event giving rise to the Change in Control occurs, provided, in the case of a Change in Control by reason of a liquidation or dissolution of the Company, such date shall be the date on which the Company shall commence such liquidation or dissolution.

2.6 “Code” means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended and in effect from time to time, or any successor thereto. Any reference to a section of the Code shall be deemed to include a reference to any regulations or subregulatory guidance promulgated thereunder.

2.7 “Committee” means the Compensation Committee of the Board of Director of the Company or, if applicable, the governing body, or portion thereof, of any successor entity.

2.8 “Company” means James River Group Holdings, Ltd., an exempted company registered under the laws of Bermuda, or any successor to all or substantially all of its businesses by merger, amalgamation, consolidation, purchase of assets, or otherwise.

2.9 “Disability” means that a Participant is unable to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of a medically determinable physical or mental impairment that can be expected to result in death or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than twelve (12) months, or is, by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment that can be expected to result in death or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than twelve (12) months, receiving income replacement benefits for a period of not less than three months under an accident or disability insurance benefit plan covering Company employees. The determination of whether an individual has a Disability shall be determined under procedures established by the Committee. The Committee may rely on any determination that a Participant is disabled for purposes of benefits under any long-term disability plan maintained by the Company or any Affiliate in which a Participant participates, provided that the definition of disability applied under such disability plan meets the requirements of a Disability in the first sentence hereof.

2.10 “Exchange Act” means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and all pertinent regulations, rules, and other less formal guidance promulgated thereunder.

2.11 “Good Reason” means, except as otherwise provided in an Award or in a Participant’s employment agreement with the Company having the same or similar term in which event such other meaning shall control for Plan purposes, the occurrence of one or more of the following without the Participant’s express written consent, which circumstances are not remedied by the Company within thirty (30) days after its receipt of a written notice from the Participant describing the applicable circumstances (which notice must be provided by the Participant within ninety (90) days after the Participant’s knowledge of the applicable circumstances): (a) any material, adverse change in the Participant’s duties, responsibilities, authority, status, or reporting structure; (b) a material reduction in the Participant’s base salary; or (c) a geographical relocation of the Participant’s principal office location by more than fifty (50) miles; provided that, in each case, the Company has failed to cure the circumstance and the Participant actually terminates his or her employment within thirty (30) days following the Company’s thirty (30)-day cure period specified herein.

2.12 “Participant” means each of the individuals designated as eligible for participation in the Plan prior to or during a Performance Period in written resolutions or minutes approved and adopted by the Board upon the recommendation of the Committee.

2.13 “Performance Period” means a calendar year beginning on or after January 1, 2022.

2.14 “Retirement Age” the age at which a Participant may be eligible for an Award amount despite a failure to satisfy the Service Condition due to an earlier Separation from Service. The Retirement Age for each Participant shall be the attainment of (i) a minimum of five whole years of employment with the Company, (ii) at least age 50 and (iii) a combined age and whole years of employment with the Company that equals or exceeds 65; provided, however, the Committee in its discretion may establish an earlier retirement age for any Participant by communicating in writing that decision to the Participant.

2.15 “Separation from Service” means a termination of a Participant’s employment relationship with the Company where either (a) the Participant has ceased to perform any services for the Company and all affiliated companies that, together with the Company, constitute the “service recipient” within the meaning of Code Section 409A (collectively, the “Service Recipient”) or (b) the level of bona fide services the Participant performs for the Service Recipient after a given date permanently decreases (excluding a decrease as a result of military leave, sick leave, or other bona fide leave of absence if the period of such leave does not exceed six months, or if longer, so long as the Participant retains a right to reemployment with the Service Recipient under an applicable statute or by contract) to no more than twenty percent (20%) of the average level of bona fide services performed for the Service Recipient over the immediately preceding 36-month period (or the full period of service if the Participant has been providing services to the Service Recipient for less than 36 months) that, in either case, constitutes a “separation from service” within the meaning of Code Section 409A.

2.16 “Service Condition” means, except as provided in Article IV, the precondition to the settlement of any Award requiring a Participant to remain in a material service relationship with the Company through the date the Award is settled.

2.17 “Subsidiary” means a “subsidiary corporation,” as that term is defined in Section 424(f) of the Code, or any successor provision.

ARTICLE III. ELIGIBILITY, PARTICIPATION AND ADMINISTRATION

3.1 Eligibility. Each individual identified as a Participant pursuant to Section 2.12 shall be a Participant in the Plan for a particular Performance Period. Each Participant shall be provided with notice of his or her eligibility and the terms of the incentive opportunity in such manner as the Committee deems suitable. If an individual becomes a Participant after the first day of the Performance Period pursuant to Section 2.12, unless otherwise specified by the Committee, the Award for any such Participant shall be prorated in the proportion that the number of days the Participant is employed by the Company in his or her eligible position during the Performance Period bears to the number of days in the Performance Period. Once an individual becomes a Participant in the Plan, the Participant shall remain a Participant until the earlier of (a) the date the Committee determines that the Award will not result in any payout, whether by reason of the failure to achieve any of the applicable Performance Criteria (as defined below) at threshold levels, a failure to satisfy the Service Condition, or the early termination of the Plan pursuant to Section 5.9; or (b) the date the Award is settled after it becomes vested and the Committee has determined the extent to which it has been earned.

3.2 Administration. The Plan is administered by the Committee. The Committee has full authority in its discretion to determine whether any otherwise qualifying individual becomes a Participant after the first day of a Performance Period. Subject to the provisions of the Plan, the Committee has full and conclusive authority to interpret the Plan; to prescribe, amend, and rescind rules and regulations relating to the Plan; to determine the form of

Awards, and to make all other determinations necessary or advisable for the proper administration of the Plan. The Committee's determinations under the Plan need not be uniform and may be made by it selectively among persons who receive, or are eligible to receive, Awards under the Plan (whether or not such persons are similarly situated). Subject to the approval or ratification of the Board, the Committee's decisions are final and binding on all Participants and any other interested parties. No member of the Committee shall be subject to individual liability with respect to the Plan or any Awards thereunder.

ARTICLE IV. AWARDS

4.1 Award Opportunity. For each Participant, the Award opportunity shall measure one or more performance criteria as set forth in Appendix 1 and the strategic initiatives (collectively, the "Performance Criteria") adopted in the written resolutions or minutes approved and adopted by the Board upon the recommendation of the Committee (the "Adopted Resolutions"). Measurement of the achievement of the Performance Criteria and the amount payable shall be determined in accordance with the Adopted Resolutions.

The Committee is authorized, in its sole discretion, to adjust or modify the calculation of any performance criterion in connection with any one or more of the following events: asset write-downs; significant litigation or claim judgments or settlements; the effect of changes in tax laws, accounting standards or principles, or other laws or regulatory rules affecting reporting results; any reorganization and restructuring programs; extraordinary nonrecurring items as described in accounting principles and/or in management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations appearing in the Company's annual or other periodic report to shareholders; acquisitions or divestitures; any other specific unusual or nonrecurring events or objectively determinable category thereof; and/or a change in the Company's fiscal year.

Upon or following completion of the Performance Period, the degree of achievement of the Performance Criteria shall be determined by the Committee in its discretion though guided by such relevant factual information as may then be available. In evaluating any qualitative Performance Criteria applicable to a Participant, the Committee may consult with those individuals with personal knowledge of the Participant's performance.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Committee's determinations of the extent to which Awards are payable shall be subject to the approval of the Board.

4.2 Eligibility for, Timing and Form of Payment of Award. Except as provided in Sections 4.3 and 4.4, the Participant must achieve at least the threshold level of performance for at least one of the performance criterion for the Performance Period and satisfy the Service Condition to receive any payout that might otherwise be due on account of the level of achievement of the Performance Criteria. Except as provided in Sections 4.3, the cash value of any

Award, as determined by the Committee in its sole discretion, that becomes payable shall be paid in the calendar year following the Performance Period, but no later than March 15th of such calendar year. The Award of a Participant who experiences a Separation from Service prior to the date an otherwise earned Award is settled shall be forfeited, except as provided in Sections 4.3 and 4.4. A period of an approved leave of absence shall not affect a Participant's ability to satisfy the Service Condition.

4.3 Qualifying Termination Prior to Settlement.

(a) If prior to the settlement of Awards for a Performance Period, a Participant experiences a Separation from Service due to (i) the Participant's involuntary termination of employment without Cause by the Company or the Company's election not to renew the term of any employment agreement then in effect between the Company and Participant, (ii) the Participant's resignation with Good Reason, or (iii) the Participant's attainment of his or her Retirement Age, the Participant shall be eligible to receive an Award despite the failure to satisfy the Service Condition, which Award shall be paid when Awards are otherwise settled in accordance with Section 4.2. Despite the waiver of the Service Condition, the Award shall be payable only if and to the extent the Performance Criteria are achieved measured as of the last day of the Performance Period and determined pursuant to Section 4.1 and the Award shall be prorated in the proportion that the number of days elapsed from the beginning of the Performance Period through the effective date of the Participant's Separation from Service bears to 365. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Participant is party to an employment agreement with the Company at the time of his or her Separation from Service prior to the settlement of Awards, the terms of such employment agreement shall govern whether, the extent to which, and when his or her Award shall be payable, to the extent specifically provided therein.

(b) If prior to the settlement of Awards for a Performance Period, a Participant experiences a Separation from Service due to death or Disability, the Participant (or his or her estate, in the event of death) shall receive an Award despite the failure to satisfy the Service Condition. The Award shall be payable within thirty (30) days following the Separation from Service and determined based on an assumed achievement of all Performance Criteria at "target" levels. If the Participant's death or Disability occurs prior to expiration of the Performance Period, the Award shall be prorated in the proportion that the number of days elapsed from the beginning of the Performance Period through the effective date of the Participant's Separation from Service bears to 365. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Participant is party to an employment agreement with the Company at the time of his or her Separation from Service prior to the settlement of Awards, the terms of such employment agreement shall govern whether, the extent to which, and when his or her Award shall be payable, to the extent specifically provided therein.

4.4 Change in Control Prior to Expiration of the Performance Period. Subject to any earlier termination of the Plan pursuant to Section 5.9, if a Change in Control occurs prior to the settlement of Awards and before a Participant has experienced a Separation from Service and subsequently (a) the Participant is involuntarily terminated without Cause by the Company or as a result of the Company's election not to renew the term of any employment

agreement then in effect between the Company and Participant, or (b) the Participant resigns with Good Reason prior to such payout, then the Participant shall remain entitled to a payout on the date Awards are otherwise settled in accordance with Section 4.2 based on the degree of achievement of the Performance Criteria measured as of the last day of the Performance Period and determined pursuant to Section 4.1 and, if the Separation from Service occurs prior to the expiration of the Performance Period, the Award shall be prorated in the proportion that the number of days elapsed from the beginning of the Performance Period through the effective date of the Separation from Service bears to 365. If a Participant has experienced a type of Separation from Service contemplated by Section 4.3 prior to the Change in Control, the provisions of Section 4.3 shall govern the treatment of the Participant's Award rather than this Section 4.4, unless the Committee determines otherwise.

ARTICLE V. MISCELLANEOUS

5.1 Clawback and Noncompete. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Plan, any Award which is subject to recovery under any law, government regulation, stock exchange listing requirement, or Company policy, will be subject to such deductions and clawback as may be required to be made pursuant to such law, government regulation or stock exchange listing requirement, or any policy adopted by the Company pursuant to any such law, government regulation or stock exchange listing requirement or otherwise. In addition and notwithstanding any other provisions of this Plan, any Award shall be subject to any noncompete and nonsolicitation provisions under any agreement or policy adopted by the Company, including, without limitation, any such terms providing for immediate termination and forfeiture of an Award if and when a Participant becomes an employee, agent or principal of a competitor without the express written consent of the Company. The actions permitted to be taken by the Committee under this Section is in addition to, and not in lieu of, any and all other rights of the Committee and/or the Company under applicable law and shall apply notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Plan.

5.2 Withholding; Offset. The Company shall deduct from any payment, or otherwise collect from the Participant, any taxes required to be withheld by federal, state, or local governments in connection with any Award. No opinion is expressed nor warranties made as to the effect for federal, state, or local tax purposes of any Award. If at any time prior to any payment a Participant is indebted to the Company, by accepting the Award, a Participant grants the Company the right to offset against the payment amount the amount of the Participant's indebtedness, but only to the extent such offset is permissible under and would not trigger adverse tax consequences under Code Section 409A.

5.3 Restrictions on Transfer. Except for payout due to the Participant's estate as a result of the Participant's death as contemplated by Section 4.3(b), no Participant shall have the right to make or permit to exist any transfer or hypothecation, whether outright or as security, with or without consideration, voluntary or involuntary, of all or any part of any right, title, or interest in or to an Award until such date as, and only to the extent that, cash or cash equivalents have been paid in settlement of the Award. Any such disposition not made in accordance with this Plan shall be deemed null and void.

5.4 Successors. This Plan shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the heirs, legal representatives, successors, and permitted assigns of the parties.

5.5 Notice. Except as otherwise specified herein, all notices and other communications under this Plan to a Participant shall be in writing and shall be deemed to have been given if personally delivered or if sent by U.S. mail to the last known address of the Participant as shown by the Company's personnel records. Notwithstanding the foregoing, by accepting an Award, a Participant hereby consents to the delivery of information via electronic delivery.

5.6 Severability. In the event that any one or more of the provisions or portion thereof contained in this Plan shall for any reason be held to be invalid, illegal, or unenforceable in any respect, the same shall not invalidate or otherwise affect any other provisions of this Plan, and this Plan shall be construed as if the invalid, illegal, or unenforceable provision or portion thereof had never been contained herein.

5.7 No Right to Continued Retention. Neither the establishment of the Plan nor the grant of an Award hereunder shall be construed as giving any Participant the right to continued service with the Company.

5.8 Interpretation and Code Section 409A. Section headings used herein are for convenience of reference only and shall not be considered in construing this Plan. Sections 1.1 and 1.2 are intended to introduce and summarize the Plan only and shall not apply for purposes of determining a Participant's rights under the Plan. Awards under the Plan are intended to be exempt from Section 409A of the Code as "short-term deferrals" within the meaning of the Treasury Regulations under Section 409A, but in any event Awards under the Plan are payable on a specified date or upon a Change in Control in compliance with Section 409A, and the Plan shall be interpreted in a manner to be exempt from or otherwise in compliance with Section 409A. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, to the extent applicable, if a Participant is a "specified employee" within the meaning of Section 409A of the Code, and to the extent necessary to avoid the adverse tax consequences under Section 409A of the Code, no portion of any payments hereunder shall be distributed on account of a Separation from Service before the earlier of: (a) the date which is six months following the date of the Participant's Separation from Service, or (b) the date of death of the Participant. Amounts that would have been paid during the delay will be paid on the first business day following the six month delay.

5.9 Amendment and Termination of the Plan. The Committee reserves the right to amend or terminate the Plan at any time, provided that no amendment or termination (a) shall deprive a Participant of any Award that is earned up to the date of the amendment or termination, or (b) shall result in the acceleration of any Award payable under the Plan if such acceleration would result in any Participants incurring a tax under Section 409A of the Code.

5.10 Expenses; Funding. All expenses of the Company with respect to the Plan shall be paid by the Company. Nothing contained in the Plan, and no action taken pursuant to its provisions, shall create or be construed to create a trust of any kind or a fiduciary relationship between the Company and any Participant, the Participant's estate, or any other person. To the extent that a Participant or the Participant's estate acquires a right to receive a payment under the Plan, such right shall be no greater than the right of an unsecured general creditor of the Company. All payments to be made hereunder shall be paid from the general funds of the Company and no special or separate fund shall be established and no segregation of assets shall be made to assure payment of such amounts. The Plan is not intended to be subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended.

5.11 Governing Laws. This Plan shall be construed and enforced in accordance with the internal laws of New York, except for those matters subject to The Companies Act, 1981 of Bermuda (as amended), which shall be governed by such law, without giving effect to principles of conflicts of laws, and construed accordingly, and by applicable provision of federal tax law.

Appendix 1

Performance Criteria

The Award shall consist of one or more of the following performance criteria for each Performance Period: (a) Adjusted Company Combined Ratio and/or Adjusted Segment Combined Ratio; (b) Adjusted EBIT; and (c) successful pursuit, as determined by the Committee, of the strategic initiatives identified in the written resolutions or minutes approved and adopted by the Board upon the recommendation of the Committee (the "Adopted Resolutions"). The performance criteria assigned to any particular Participant for a Performance Period and the weighting as between or among multiple performance criteria assigned to a Participant will be set forth in the Adopted Resolutions.

For purposes of making computations pursuant the Adopted Resolutions, the following rules apply: (1) only the highest level attained under each performance criterion, as determined by the Committee, is credited towards the amount payable under an Award; (2) for the combined ratio(s) and Adjusted EBIT Performance Criteria, the level of performance achieved between threshold and maximum levels shall be determined by linear interpolation; (3) attainment of a performance level above each maximum level indicated does not increase the payout amount; and (4) the payout at each level will be apportioned among the Performance Criteria as indicated in the Adopted Resolutions.

Post-grant adjustments, if any, to the Performance Criteria established by an Award may be made under such circumstances as contemplated by the terms of the Plan.

For purposes of the Plan, the following terms used in the Plan have the following meanings:

"Adjusted EBIT" means net income of the Company before income taxes and interest and excluding the portion of favorable or unfavorable prior year reserve development for which the Company's subsidiaries ceded the risk under retroactive reinsurance agreements and related changes in the amortization of the deferred gain.

"Adjusted Company Combined Ratio" means the combined ratio of the Company reporting on a consolidated basis, calculated prior to the effect of favorable or unfavorable prior year reserve development for which the Company's subsidiaries ceded the risk under retroactive reinsurance agreements and the related changes in the amortization of the deferred gain.

"Adjusted Segment Combined Ratio" means, for each of the Company's business segments, the combined ratio calculated prior to the effect of favorable or unfavorable prior year reserve development for which the segment ceded the risk under retroactive reinsurance agreements, if any, and the related changes in the amortization of the deferred gain.

James River Group, Inc.
1414 Raleigh Road, Suite 405,
Chapel Hill, NC 27517

May 5, 2025

Mr. Richard J. Schmitzer

Dear Richard:

Reference is made to your employment agreement (the "Employment Agreement"), dated January 15, 2018, with James River Group Inc. (the "Parent Company"), pursuant to which you serve as the President and Chief Executive Officer of two subsidiaries of the Parent Company: James River Insurance Company ("JRI") and James River Management Company, Inc. ("JRMC") (together, the "Companies"). You have advised Parent Company that you will retire from the Companies during calendar year 2025 (the actual date of such retirement referred to as the "Retirement Date"), and in this regard, the Company has adopted a succession plan to identify a new principal executive officer of the Companies. In connection with the succession plan, this letter confirms your agreement to (i) relinquish the title of President of the Companies effective May 5, 2025, (ii) relinquish the title of Chief Executive Officer of the Companies effective July 31, 2025, and (iii) assist in the transition of your responsibilities as the principal executive officer of the Companies to your successor during the period of May 5, 2025 through the Retirement Date. You further agree that such changes in title and duties specified in the immediately preceding sentence shall not serve as the basis for a termination of the Employment Agreement for Good Reason (as such term is defined in the Employment Agreement). You also acknowledge that you and the Company shall negotiate in good faith to provide you with a new title with the Companies, and adjusted compensation to reflect your modified duties, with such changes to be effective after the date that you relinquish your title as Chief Executive Officer of the Companies.

Except as provided in this letter, you agree that the Employment Agreement shall remain in full force and effect in accordance with its existing terms.

[Signature Page Follows]

Please confirm your agreement with the foregoing by signing and returning a copy of this letter.

Very truly yours,

James River Group, Inc.

By: /s/ Frank N. D'Orazio

Name: Frank N. D'Orazio

Title: Chief Executive Officer

Date: May 5, 2025

Accepted and agreed to this 5th day of May, 2025:

James River Insurance Company

By: /s/ Angela J. Burnett

Name: Angela J. Burnett

Title: SVP, Chief Human Resources Officer

James River Management Company, Inc.

By: /s/ Angela J. Burnett

Name: Angela J. Burnett

Title: SVP, Chief Human Resources Officer

By: /s/ Richard Schmitzer

Name: Richard Schmitzer

[Signature Page to Letter Agreement]

CERTIFICATION

I, Frank N. D'Orazio, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of James River Group Holdings, Ltd.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 5, 2025

/s/ Frank N. D'Orazio

Frank N. D'Orazio

Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

CERTIFICATION

I, Sarah C. Doran, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of James River Group Holdings, Ltd.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 5, 2025

/s/ Sarah C. Doran

Sarah C. Doran

Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial Officer)

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the quarterly report of James River Group Holdings, Ltd. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2025 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), we, Frank N. D'Orazio, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, and Sarah C. Doran, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, to the best of our knowledge, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to §906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Frank N. D'Orazio
Frank N. D'Orazio
Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)
August 5, 2025

/s/ Sarah C. Doran
Sarah C. Doran
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)
August 5, 2025